Turkish gendarmes free Britons

ISTANBUL (R) — Turkish security forces released 10 Britons Saturday after holding them for 26 hours wheo they went to the southeast to investigate alleged government atrocities against Kurds. A Freochman and a Danish woman accompanying them were also freed, British officials said in London. "They are all freed andin good health. I believe they will leave the area soon." a British embassy health. I believe they will leave the area sooo, a British embassy spokeswoman said. Most of the Britons were trade unionists but she uoderstood a few were journalists, she said. Several were women. They were visiting the area at the invitation of the Kurdish Solidarity Committee. In Londoo, the husband of nurse Sarah Dally said: "She Committee. In Londoo, the husband of nurse Sarah Dally said: "She expected harassment. She knew that they were oot just going to be allowed to speak to whom they wanted and to see what they wanted to see. "They didn't have the blessing of the authorities, there were going to be clandestine meetings (with Kurds)." Police picked up the group for questioning oo Frieay io Bismil after they left their hotel in Diyarbakir 30 kilometres away to tour the area. The British embassy believed they had gone missing, perhaps kidnapped by the guerrilias, after they were reported freed by police. But they turned up on Saturday in the custody of gendarmes in Diyarbakir.

Volume 18 Number 5473

AMMAN SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1993, JUMADA AL THANI 14, 1414

Price: 150 Fils

Majall hold talks with Husseini

phi su

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Saturday received at his office the head of the Palestiman negotiating team to the Middle East peace talks, Faisal Husseini. During the meeting, they reviewed peace process in the region and Jordanian-Palestinian coordination. Mr. Husseini briefed the prime hinister on his recent visit to Enrope that was aimed at boosting the Middle East peace process.

Aideed may attend meeting on Somalia

MOGADISHU (AFP) — Somali warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed may attend a United Nations-sponsored humanitarian meeting on Somalia scheduled to open in the Ethiopian capital Addis
Ababa on Monday, a U.S.
spokesman said Saturday. General Aideed's faction, the Somali National Alliance (SNA), had earlier indicated that it would participate in the '- conference only if the U.N. peacekeeping force in Somalia (UNOSOM) freed suspected ONA militiamen. UNOSOM is

still holding eight of Gen. Aid-ded's supporters, including his chief financier, Osman Ato. They are suspected of carrying out attacks on U.N. soldiers. U.N. spokesman Farouk Mawlawi said Gen. Aideed had expressed his willingness to attend the conference to Ethiopian mediators but had not yet confirmed he would go to Addis Ababa.

iran wants to normalise trag ties

BEIRUT (AFP) — Iran wants to normalise ties with longtime to normalise hes with tonguine foe Iraq and the exchange of visits by both countries officials is part of that policy. Akbar Velayati said in comments published Saturday. He told pro-Syrian Lebanese daily Al Safir: "We share 1,200 kilometres of borders with Iraq. We're neighbours. Why should our relations he strained? We want to establish good neighbourly ties and this requires an effort from both ides." Mr. Velayati noted that the two countries had reconciled following the 1980-88 Iran-Iraq war, and said Tehran had not let relations with Baghdad deteriorate because of the Gulf war in 1991. "We did not follow the United States' policy towards Iraq or mywhere else in the world," he said. In October, Deputy Iranian Foreign Minister Mohammad Javad Zarif beld high-level discussions with Irapi officials in Baghdad: But a visit to Tehran by the Iraqi undersceretary of foreign affairs, Saad Abdul Majid Al Faisal, 10 days ago was post-oned to an unspecified date,

3 killed by Algerian groups

ollowing a decision from

ALGIERS (AFP) — Eight zivilians were killed and three others wounded in Algeria by rmed Islamic groups between Fuesday and Saturday, according to the Algerian security services. Of the eight dead, me, the cousin of the general secretary of Algerian unions was assessingted Saturday in Constantine, to the east. His ilder brother was badly wounded in the attack. In a eparate development, the ecurity services said Saturday viohammad Bouslimani, presi-ent of the charitable Islamic Irganisation Al Irshad Wa Al siah, had been kidnapped Frilay (see page 10).

olice seize ıranium, wound Georgian sellers

SURSA, Turkey (AP) -- Judercover police shot and vounded three Georgians who llegedly tried to sell them tranium, the Anatolia news gency said Samrday. Police ium in the modest in this restern city Thursday, Anato-3 reported. The Georgians tarted shooting when they entrancers' ere police, said the agency, loting previncial police com-lander Ahmet Demir. The nuggiers had agreed on a rice of \$675,000.

JD 1.487b 'no-deficit' draft budget unveiled

JD 1.33b local revenues; JD 1.13b current expenditures and JD 358m. capital expenditures; no new taxes or fees

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Finance Minister Sami Gammoh Saturday unveiled a JD 1,487.1 million draft budget for fiscal year 1994, envisaging local revenues of JD 1,330.7 million and foreign aid of JD 156.4 million to produce the first "deficit-free"

budget of the Kingdom.

The hudget, which now goes to Parliament, projects current expenditures of JD 2,284 million and capital expenditures of JD 358.7 million. The draft registers an overall

increase of 12 per cent over the projections in the 1993 budget while the actual increase is 11 per cent when compared to the reestimated figures of the 1993 hudget. It reflects an increase of local revenues of 18 per cent over estimated 1993 figures. but an actual increase of 8.5

per cent.

Releasing some of the figures of the budget, Mr. Gammoh also pointed out that capital expenditure projections are 23 per cent higher than the reestimated figures of 1993 while the 1993 projection was

The JD 1.398 million 1993 budget estimated local revenues at JD 1,145 million; current expenditures were estimated at JD 1,058 million and capital expenditures at JD 340

The 1993 budget also estimated foreign aid at JD 198 million and the net defigit was projected at JD 48 million. Reestimated figures for the 1993 hudget, Mr. Gammoh told the Jordan Times, were: Total expenditures JD 1,368 million; JD 1,176 million in alocal revenues, JD 1,075 €nillion in current expenditures and JD 293 million in capital

expenditures. Mr. Gammoh told reporters that no new taxes or fees were envisaged, but the government hopes to enact a new sales tax law to replace the consumption tax law which went into effect

Civil servants, who received an across-the-board JD 15-salary increase in 1993, will not get any increase in 1994, he

The sales tax law, be said, will make up for any shortfalls

in local revenues resulting from decrease in customs duties on imports. He noted that imports were likely to come down in 1994 as a result of higher local production.

Excluded from the budget are the estimated JD \$00 million needed to service local and foreign debts and the unspeci-fied expenditures to maintain the armed forces.

External and local financing will cover the debt sevicing while, for the first time since 1990. Arab assistance is expected to cover the unspecified

defence hudget.

Mr. Gammoh declined to give the defence sudget figures and the expected sources of funding to cover the expendi-

He said a hudget supplement of JD 66 million was planned to help development and capital projects depending upon external aid. This allocation, as and when it materialises, is expected to finance "secondary projects" of various ministries and government departments.

These are projects that need to be implemented, but



Sami Gammoh

cannot be financed except through grants or external soft loans," Mr. Gammoh, told the Jordan Times.

The finance minister also rejected criticism that the government was using external grants to support the hudget at the expense of the private sector to which, the critics say, the funds were originally intended

"The foreign grants are in-tended for hudget support and not earmarked or supposed to be channelled to the private sector," said the minister.

"In any event," he added. the ultimate beneficiary will be the private sector" since the net objective of the budget is to serve achieve the government's goal of serving the national economy.

Mr. Gammoh said the budget envisaged allocations on a governorate-by-governorate basis so as to advance the government's policy of decen-tralisation and achieving optimum benefits of the citizen.

(Continued on page 10)

Yemen party member urges

federation SANAA (R) — A member of Yemen's presidential council

was quoted Saturday as saying his party was ready for a fed-eration as an alternative to the merger which forged the former North Yemen and South Yemen into unified state.

The London-based Arabic daily Al Hayat quoted Salem Snlem Mohammad, also second in command of the Yemen Socialist Party (YSP), as saying his party "is prepared for federalism as a practical alternative protecting the rights of all parties and (proteeting) the unity and

sovereignty of Yemen. It was the first time that a member of the country's presidential council and a YSP leader advocated this publicly. A multi-party dialogue in tended to defuse Yemen's worst political crisis threatening three years of unity has

been postponed until Sunday. Former South Yemen President Ali Nasser Mohammed said on Saturday he was ending seven years of exile after Yemen's bickering leaders sought his mediation to stop the crisis turning into civil war.

Mr. Nasser Mohammad told Reuters in an interview he was returning home to help." If this crisis remains unsolved then this could lead to a civil war," he said.

King's Speech from Throne is Cabinet's policy statement

House today sets confidence debate date

By Ayman Al Safadi and Suhair Obeidat Jordan Times Staff Reporters

AMMAN — The Lower House of Parliament today sets date for a vote of confidence session after Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali asked for a vote of confidence based on His Majesty King Hussein's Speech from the Throne.

Dr. Majali Thursday asked that the Speech, with which King Hussein opened the 12th Parliament on Nov. 23, be considered as the Cabinet's policy statement.

"I request that the speech from the Throne... be consi-dered the policy statement on the basis of which the Cabinet asks for a vote of confidence from the Honse," Dr. Majali said in a letter to House Speaker Taber Al Masri.

Dr. Majali did not indicate in the letter whether he would reshuffle his cabinet prior to the confidence session, but most observers expect changes in a number of key portfolios.

Dr. Majali's request for a vote of confidence, however, technically rules out the possibility of the premier resigning and then seeking the legislature's confidence as head of a newly designated government. Observers believe Dr. Ma-

jali would only introduce limited changes in the Cabinet, saying these changes would be in light of negotiations Dr. Majali is expected to hold with members of the House.

The Constitution stipulates that the government should seek the confidence of the House within 30 days after it While deputies opposed to

the Middle East peace process are expected to withhold confidence from Dr. Majali, the premier would be able to secure the confidence of the majority of lawmakers if be promises to meet what most observers characterise as de-



session Saturday (Photos by Yousef Al 'Allan



Only the Islamic Action Front (IAF) and a small group

of leftist deputies oppose Dr. Majali on ideological grounds. 30, however, will not enable them to pose a real challenge to Dr. Majali.

The premier is expected to hold negotiations with other parliamentary blocs in order to listen to their demands and probably promise policy adjustments before a vote of confidence is moved on the

ity of deputies to press the government hard on issues of bread and butter and demand improve the living standards of vote of confidence to the gov-

The importance of these issues were demonstrated in the run-up to the Nov. 8 elections when issues of unemployment and poverty among other local issues overshadowed major political issues facing the

(Continued on page 10)

mands related to the direct . Observers expect the major-Iraq is guardedly hopeful after arms monitoring agreement

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraqis were Saturday torn between optimism and caution after Baghdad's agreement to long-term monitoring of its weapons capability sparked hopes for a quick lifting of U.N. sanctions against the

"This acceptance has pulled the last card from the hands of the powers that be in the (U.N.) Security Council who seek to maintain the embargo," said Saad Qassem Hammudi, an official of Iraq's ruling Baath Party. But another official who de-

clined to be identified said, "Iraq's enemies can find other alibis to maintnin the embargo.

Iraqi and U.N. officials said Friday that Baghdad had agreed to long-term monitoring of its chemical, nuclear and armament programmes, removing major obstacles in lift-ing a U.N. embargo on Iraqi oil sales. In a letter to the Security

Conncil, Foreign Minister Mohammad Said Al Sahaf agreed to the long-term arrangement but said he disagreed with U.N. complaints his country had not fully abided by its pledge to destroy. its programmes to develop chemical, nuclear and biological arms and end work on a longrange missile delivery system.

Diplomatie sources said Iraq's pledge to honour its agreements with the United Nations would likely not be enough to convince the Security Council to lift the oil embargo in the near future and give Iraq's economy a badly needed boost.

Initial reaction from the United States U.N. mission, which would have a veto over any lifting of sanctions, was sceptical.

A U.S. spokeswoman said Iraq had "made and broken many promises in the past. It must now demonstrate on the ground, over a sustained period of time, its full cooperation with an effective monitoring and verification regime."

The head of the U.N. commission on Iraq's weapons of mass destruction welcomed the Iraqi move, but said the programme would have to operate for about six months to see

Ambassador Rolf Ekeus told a news conference the six months would not begin until some time early in 1994.

Outlining remaining obsta-cles, which have a direct bearing on any easing by the Security Council of sanctions on Iraci oil exports, Mr. Ekeus said: "We need a certain time to satisfy ourselves that these plans are acceptable."

He estimated that the programme would have to be up and running for about six

The second burdle, relating to Iraq's past weapons programmes, was to "verify fully that we have ... identified all weapons and all production facilities and disposed of them. Iraq had not been able to

provide full evidence because it says some of the documents were destroyed during the Gulf war or through later action. Mr. Ekeus called Baghdad's acceptance n 'triumph for the council," which had held fast in maintaining the sanctions it imposed after Iraq's August 1990 invasion of Kuwait. Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz has been in New York since Sunday to plead for the lifting of sanctions.

Baghdad's black market reacted with guarded optimism. Moneychangers said the dollar which Friday traded at 150 dinars fell Saturday to 132 dinars before settling at 142

At the official rate, the dinar fetches \$3.2. Views were mixed on Baghdad's streets.

"It's an important step but (U.S. President Bill) Clinton will raise 1,000 obstacles to bar the lifting of the embargo, said cab driver Mahmoud

"It's a day to celebrate, we've suffered enough," shouted a housewife in a Baghdad market.

Iragis learned of the formal acceptance of Resolution 715 from foreign radio broadcasts. The Iraqi press did not report it, as the decision was announced after the publications' deadlines.

Iraq had opposed such monitoring because of fears its weapons development programmes would never be free of Western eyes.

Mr. Shahaf voiced hope the security council would answer the Iraqi initiative by the immediate implementation of paragraph 22 of U.N. Resolution 687, which calls for the embargo to be lifted once it was determined Iraq had lived np to its agreement to destroy all weapons of mass destruction.

Philipinos living in Jordan, please see page 5

Arafat: Self-rule talks at impasse, but not collapsed

TOCKHOLM. Sweden (Agencies) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said Saturday that peace talks were threatened by Israel's reluctance to withdraw its forces far enough from Jericho and the Gaza Strip.

He said they must submit new proposals. The Israel-PLO talks on how

to implement a peace accord and provide limited Palestinian self-rule in those areas have broken down before over the question of how far the Israeli troops will withdraw.

Mr. Arafat said that in talks on Friday "the other side bas insisted on redeployment of the forces, not the with-"If this is their plan, this

means complete demolishing of what we constructed in the peace talks," Mr. Arafat said. This cannot be accepted. If they want to have manocuvres, the manoeuvres must be far away from us." The PLO leader made the

comments during a seminar on Jerusalem at the People's Museum in Stockholm. He then flew to Helsinki.

Finland, where he was asked on arrival if the troops withdrawal negotiations had broken off.

Not yet, we are waiting for the reply of the Israelis," he told the Associated Press. "What they have offered is

a reception.

be kidnapped in the violence-

plagued country, where dozens

of foreigners, mainly oilmen

and tourists, have been grab-

bed in the past two years by

ing for their new proposals."
Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-mon Peres said Israel and the Arabs have no choice but to

redeployment. So we are wait-

stick with the peace talks, de-spite recent difficulties and yio-Angry protests crupted in Gaza last week over the army's killings of two Palestinians on

the most-wanted list. On Saturday, the Muslim fun-damentalist group Hamas enforced a general strike for a third day in Gaza (see page 10).

Israel Television Saturday qnoted. officials in Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's office as saying that there was no sense of deadlock, and that the Israel-PLO talks would resume this week. Mr. Rabin has said the Dec.

13 target date for the start of troops withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho was not sacred, and that a delay was possible. Israel and the PLO agreed on the timetable in their Sept. 13 peace accord, and the PLO has said it was important to stick to

Mr. Peres said Saturday: "I have no donht that we embarked on the right path, despite the difficulties, despite the pain and despite the dis-

appointment."
"All the other paths are filled with mines, with dangers, with uprising... we've paid enough in the past," Mr. Peres telephone interview from "There is no alternative," Mr. Peres added. "The days of

told Israel Radio Saturday in a

yesterday have passed in all the countries of the Middle East." Finland is the third coutnry on Mr. Arafat's five-day' Nor-

die tour aimed at raising money and investments for Palestinian autonomy.

Mr. Arafat had suspended the withdrawal talks previous-

ocuvres in Jericho. The talks then reopened in Cairo. Mr. Arafat told Swedish par-

Mr. Arafat said he got the news of the Israeli position from Nabil Shaath, the PLO's chief negotiator at the talks. Mr. Arafat said that Mr. Shaath flew to Stockholm late Friday night from Paris, where

taking place in Cairo. Mr. Arafat did not specify the details of the dispute, either how far away he wanted the Israelis, or where they

ly, in Taba, Egypt, when the Israelis insisted on having man-

hamentarians in a closed meeting that he was pessimistic about the peace process, according to an official who spoke on condition of anonymity.

economic talks are going on. Mr. Arafat did not explain why Dr. Shaath would have flown from Paris with the news about the withdrawal talks, which are

wanted to have the man-

Efforts under way to free U.S. diplomat held in Yemen

But sources in Sanaa have

a statement Friday that securout where Mr. Mahoney was being held in the region of Gahm, 70 kilometres northeast. of Sanaa, in the March pro-

holding him had made "demands of the (Sanaa) govern-ment," but did not disclose them of identify the tribe by

A ministry source identified the abductors' chief as Mubarak Saleh Mashan Al Zayedi, n member of the Jihm tribe, adding that he sought "to

Americans had hopes for his release on Friday. They still

complete discussions with the sheikh and with the government before his release," said

was reportedly held. Saleh sent a delegation of tribal leaders to Mareb to negotiate with the kidnappers, Westthey said.

SANAA (Agencies) — The U.S. emhassy Saturday re-ceived a message from kidnaptribesmen in conflict with the pressure the government in a personal affair concerning All the previous kidnap victims were freed unharmed. It ped American diplomat remains unclear whether the bonuses and sums of money it Haynes Mahoney saying he government has ever accepted the abductor's demands, which had promised," but failed to was being well-treated by his captors, tribesmen in the oilwe never officially divgulged. One diplomat said: "The rich desert province of Mareb.

> for their men and improvement of living conditions in The Interior Ministry said in ity men had located the hide-

It acknowledged the tribe

have hopes on Saturday, but barring the unexpected, these are still not big ones." "I think prospects for his release today (Saturday) are still slim so far... one or two more days might be needed to

a tribal source. Police Saturday surrounded the region where Mr. Mahoney President Ali Abdullah

em diplomats said "Yemeni officials have assured the (U.S.) embassy made," to free Mahoney who is being held in Jihm, 70 kilometres east of the capital,

the event mediation efforts fail, he said giving no details. Interior Minister Yehya Al

Mr. Mahoney, who is in his 40s and speaks fluent Arabic, was alone when he was grabbed. His Syrian wife, Sossi, was at US.. Ambassador Arthur Hughes' residence

dinner. The couple have three daughters, the eldest of whom

Police sources said Mr. said in previous cases, the Mahoney also told the embassy tribes demanded employment and his family that he expected to be freed in a day or two. The sources, who spoke in exchange for anonymity, their provinces. would not say how the message was conveyed. Embassy officials declined comment.

Mr. Mahoney, head of the U.S. Information Service in Yemen, was grabbed Thursday night by five gunmen who intercepted his car in Sanaa, a block away from the Taj Sheba Hotel, where he had attended He was the first diplomat to

Similarly, tribal leaders in March have also been negotiating with the kidnappers, an Interior Ministry source said.
The ministry has "a definite olan to save the diplomat" in

Mutawakali travelled to Jihm Friday and was still negotiating with tribal chieftains for the release of the diplomat, whose car also was taken by the

attending a Thanksgiving

adhafi maintains defiance at West over Lockerbie bombing

TRIPOLI (AFP) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi Friday again hurled defiance at the West, vowing never to bow to international pressure to hand over two Lockerbie bomhing suspects for trial in Britain or the United States.

"We say no, a thousand times no, and are ready to confront the cowards for decades to come, Colooel Qadhafi declared just five days before United Nations sanctions oo Tripoli are dne to he tightened.

The Security Council on Nov. 11 ordered a freeze on Libyan assets ahroad and an embargo on deliveries of oilrelated equipment, effective Dec. 1.

The new measures complement a freeze on air traffie and arms sales imposed on Tripoli in April 1992 as part of U.N. efforts to force Libya to hand over two men indicted in the United States and Britain over the destruction of a U.S. airlin-

er over Lockerbie, Scotland.
The December 1988 explosion killed 270 people.
"The West is fooling itself if

it thinks that threats to cut off oil sales. Freeze assets and impose a hlockade will weakeo the Lihyan people," Col. Qadhafi told a gathering in eastern Tripoli. The morale and the cour-

age of the Libyan people will disrupt all calculations, foil and plots and defeat the enemy." He said he was confident of "the triumph of the Arah Natioo and the Libyan people, who have resisted (outside pressures) for 3.000 years. while a nation of mercenaries, immigrants and ontlaws like the United States has no future and is destined for civil strife."

Col. Qadhafi on Wednesday ruled out handing over the two suspects wanted in the West, as hundreds of thousands of Libyans demonstrated against the U.N. emhargo.

"We are ready to discuss the Lockerbie affair and other matters, hut not the country's

UNITED NATIONS (R) -

Secretary-General Boutros Ghali abandoned hope Friday

of organising a referendum on the future of Western Sahara

by the end of this year but said

he hoped a vote might be

Security Council concerning differences over who should

be allowed to vote, he noted

the council asked him last

March to report on prospects

for holding the long-delayed referendum by the end of 1993

difficulties explained in this re-port, it is obviously not possi-

ble to meet this expectation,"

'In view of the remaining

"On the assumption that

these remaining difficulties are

settled and that progress is

In a written report to the

possible in mid-1994.

at the latest.

he said.

sovereignty, its laws, and the duty of the state to protect its nationals," Col. Qadhafi told the crowd in Tripoli, according to the official oews agency

The agency said a crowd of nearly two million greeted Col.

Qadhafi and pledged not to
bow to U.N. pressure for the
surrender of the two suspects.

Lockerbie film

The Lonrho conglomerate and the Libyan government have agreed to finance a documentary film about the bombing, the Financial Times

reported Saturday.
The £633.00 (\$949,500) film is being made by Allan Francovich, a U.S. producer who has made a number of highly praised documentaries about the U.S. Central Intelligence-Agency (CIA).

The project is being funded by Metropole Hotels, which is two-thirds owned by Lonrho and one third hy the Libyan Arah Finance Company — the main investment vehicle of Li-

The paper said the deal had prompted further division beween Dieter Bock and his joint Lourho chief executive, Tiny Rowland, who is responsible for Lonrho's involvement in the film.

Mr. Bock is known to be embarrassed by the Libyan con-nection and wants to minimise business dealings with Tripoli. But Mr. Rowland, who is

currently abroad and unavailable for comment, has accumulated what he believes to be evidence that Libya was not responsible for the bombing and has passed the information to British ministers.

A Foreign Office spokesman said Friday the office was not aware of any evidence relating to the bomhing having been passed to ministers by Mr. Rowland.

Mr. Francovich told the paper he had complete control of the project and could withdraw

Sahara referendum delayed until mid-1994

made in the initial stages of the registration process, I hope to be able to submit a report to

the council early next year... with a view to holding the referendum in mid-1994," Dr.

Under a 1991 plan endorsed

by the Security Council, a vote

was to have been held in Janu-

ary 1992 to decide whether the

former Spanish colony should

be incorporated into Morocco,

which controls most of the territory, or become indepen-

dent, as demanded by the Poli-

sario Front, whose followers

have fought a 16-year civil war.

Morocco of trying to pack the electoral rolls with its suppor-

Polisario has accused

Dr. Ghali said any estimated

date for the referendum at this

stage "bears little meaning un-

Ghali added.

if there were any interference from Lonrho or the Libyans. He said he had already uncovered some "incredible" de-

tails about the hackground to the hombing, adding that shooting would start in "three or four weeks." He said he had requested interviews with the two Libyan suspects, Abdul Basset Ali Al

Megrahi and Lamen Khalifa Jim Swire, a spokesman for the families of Lockerbie vic-

tims, whose own daughter died

in the hlast, said he supported Mr. Francovich in making the documentary film.

"I helieve that he is in search of the truth, nothing more, nothing less, and I trust him to try to find that." Mr. Swire said on BBC Television news.

'Witness is mad'

A Libyan defector who told U.S. interrogators that Libyan agents bombed Pan Am 103 is crazy and should be killed, relatives said on national tele-

Abdul Mejid Jiaaka" family members spoke from the podium at the Tripoli rally

called Friday.

The official Lihyan news agency JANA said the television audience and a million people at the Tripoli rally saw Mr. Jiaaka's father show medical reports he said proved his son was insane.

his son was insane.

And they heard "Jiaaka's uncle describe his nephew as "a traitor whose killing is allowed, whose physical liquidation is a legitimate right and a holy duty."
Egypt's Middle East News

Agency reported from Tripoli that some speakers at the rally threatened to destroy the houses of "Jiaaka's family if they did not denounce their relative. JANA's report of the Jiaaka family's speeches did not mention the threats against their houses.

Mr. Jaikaa, 32, was an em-ployee at the Libyan Airlines,

less both parties demonstrate a spirit of cooperation and for-bearance without which the implementation of the settle-ment plan would continue to

He intended meanwhile to

of a U.N. force sent to West-

ern Sahara in September 1991

but so far only partially de-

Known as the U.N. Mission

for the Referendum in West-

ern Sahara (Minurso), it com-

prises 226 military observers

and 98 support personnel, plus 26 civil police. It is comman-ded by Brigadier-General

Andre van Baelen of Belgium.

strength is about 1,600 military

observers, 300 police and up to

1.000 civilian personnel.

Minnrso's authorised

ployed.



SOMALI FLOODS: A Somali child carries a younger child on his back as he pulls a box through a flooded street near a makeshift

refugee camp in central Mogadishn Saturday after heavy rains lashed the Somali capital over the past few days (AFP photo)

Cyprus gives mixed reply to U.N.

NICOSIA (R) — Cyprus has given a mixed reception to U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali's latest report on the divided island in which he chides both the rival Greek and Turkish Cypriot communities for a lack of progress.

A government spokesman said on Friday President Glaf-cos Clerides will send a letter to Dr. Ghali saying it was the Turkish negotiator who walked out from the U.N.-sponsored peace talks last June, a government spokesman said.

"It was Rauf Denktash, the Turkish Cypriot negotiator, who refused discussion on the three (U.N.) confidence huilding proposals and then refused to return to the oegotiating table to resume the talks, Yiannakis Casoulides said.

In a writteo report to the Security Council, the secretary general said that neither the Greek nor the Turkish side have shown a serious willingness to compromise.

... He also said he planned to resume ioteosive contacts aimed at building confidence between the Greek and Turkish Cypriot communities after elections in hreakaway oorthern Cyprus scheduled for Dec.

Cyprus has been divided since 1974 following a Turkish invasion sparked by an abortive coup in Nicosia engineered by the military junta then ruling Greece.

Turkish Cypriots in 1983 declared an independent state in the northern part. It is only recognised by Turkey which maintains over 30,000 troops

The U.N.-brokered peace talks aim at reuniting the island under a bi-zonai, hi-communal federal system.

Afghan premier offers to resign with president

CHARASYAB, Afghanistan (R) - Afghan Prime Minister Gulhnddin Hekmatyar said Saturday he was ready to resign if his arch-foe President Burhanuddin Rahhani also stepped down because of their failure to bring peace.

"I am ready to resign but...
President Rabhani should do
the same," Mr. Hekmatyar
said when asked about the failure of his government to end hloody faction fighting in and around Kabul.

He said the two leaders should step down together to pave the way for national elections in war-shattered Afgha-

In the latest clashes, more than 200 people have been killed or injured in battles this month between Mr. Hekmatyar's radical Hezh-e-Islami fighters and forces loyal to Mr. Rahbani for control of the strategic Tagoh valley, 60 kilometres northeast of the

Mr. Hekmatyar, speaking at his heavily fortified hase on the sontheastern outskirts of Kabul, hlamed Mr. Rabbani's Jamiat-e-Islami -forces -for starting the fighting in Tagob but said he was willing fo accept a conditional ceasefire. "I am ready to accept a

ceasefire at any time if the

government will accept," he

said. Mr. Hekmatyar has not entered Kabul since his appointment last July because of security concerns. Jamiat-e-Islami jets carried oot bombing raids on the Naghlu Dam at the southern end of the valley that provides

much of Kabul's electricity Fri-

day but fighting had died down

Saturday, Mr. Hekmatyar said. He denied his forces had seized Jamiat-e-Islami positions in the fighting, saying Hezb-e-Islami had always occupied the valley hut said he would withdraw his men if Jamiat-e-Islami also pulled out



Gulbuddin Hekmatyar

and handed the valley over to local men.

However, Jamiat-e-Islami spokesman Abdullah disputed his claims, saying Hezb-e-Isla-mi fighters launched the attack on Nov. 1 and Jamiat-e-Islami jets were responding, with raids targeting only unlitary installations.

"Hekmatyar is issuing mis-leading statements," Dr. Abdullah said, adding that Jamiat-e-Islami fighters would not pull out of the valley until it had been fully secured from Hezb attacks.

Witnesses say Hezb-e-Islami forces have made substantial advances since they began their push northward up the valley, although Jamiat-e-Isla mi guerrillas led by the powerful ex-Defence Minister and veteran commander of the 14year Afghan civil war, Ahmad Shah Masoud, have recaptured

some of their former positions. Mr. Hekmatyar demanded that troops of all parties in the fractions coalition Islamic government leave Kabul if peace was to be restored to the city, which has been a battleground for the rival parties since they took power from the former communist government last

NEWS IN BRIEF

Fireworks over Baghdad after ship arrives

BAGHDAD (R) — Fireworks and gunfire crupted over Baghdad in celebration on Friday night after the first foreign ship in years arrived at the Iraqi port of Um Qasr. The capital was lit up with fireworks and shots were fired into the air just before midnight after state-run media announced that a Cypriot-flagged cargo ship loaded with sugar had docked at the southern port. The official news ageocy INA said the ship's arrival marked the resumption of normal operations at Um. Oasr, heavily damaged in two Gulf wars, one with Iran and the other with a U.S.-led coalition over Kuwait. The freighter Tephys had been intercepted by the U.S. navy which has searched Iraq-bound cargo since Baghdad's 1990 invasion of Kuwait. The ship was freed after it was found to be carrying Kuwait. The ship was freed after it was found to be carrying only sugar. Iraq this year finished clearing the Shaat Al Arab waterway of sunken ships and other debris from the 1980 to 1988 Iran-Iraq war, allowing the port to resume operations for the first time in years. Most of Iraq's sugar supplies are now shipped to Aqaba on the Red Sea and then sent by road to Baghdad. Using Um Qasr would allow Baghdad more direct access to Asian markets for food imports and eventually of access to the property when II.N. trade sanctions are lifted. Iraq formally exports when U.N. trade sanctions are lifted. Iraq formally agreed Friday to long-term monitoring of its arms potential and said the Security Council should immediately lift sanctions which for three years have barred the sale of its oil.

U.S. reports attacks on operations in Sudan

WASHINGTON (AFP) - The United States Friday reported air attacks on humanitarian operations in southern Sudan, and urged the Sudanese government to investigate the incidents. At least one aircraft dropped 11 bombs on an airstrip in Bahr. Al Ghazal on Nov. 12, injuring three civilians, State Department spokeswoman Christine Shelly said in a statement. On Nov. 23, civilian areas near the facilities of at least one private relief organisation were bombed in eastern Equatoria, also in southern Sudan, she added. "Such attacks are reprehensible, jeopardise successful humanitarian relief operations in southern Sudan, and demonstrate a hlatant lack of concern about the suffering of the Sudanese people," the statement said. The U.N. Human Rights Commission has reported extrajudicial executions, torture, arbitrary arrests and kidnappings in the ceotral Nuba mountains. It said the government appeared to tolerate efforts by local authorities to depopulate the area to fight the rebel Sudanese People's Liberation Army (SPLA). Acting Justice Minister Al Tahir Hamad Alla said the U.N. report was "relying oo fahricated stories" and released at the instigation of the United States.

French scouts in Somalia mission

PARIS (R) — Freoch scouts were secretly sent to Somalia to prepare the U.S.-led "Restore Hope" international aid. mission long before allied troops arrived last Dec. 9, the head of French military intelligence said on Friday. "We began of French military intelligence said on Friday. "We began preparing for the mission when we saw the tremendous media pressure huilding up for international intervention (to bring aid to starving civilians)," Major General Jean Heinrich told appress hriefing. "As a result, we were able to go in quickly when ordered and had people in the field a pretty long time before the actual landings." He decliced to give dates but said up to 100 French special forces men, working in small teams, were involved in intelligence gathering missions before and after the landings. Gen. Heinrich said the soldiers were given such tasks as reporting on the length and state of piers in provincial coastal towns before the landings and on updating provincial coastal towns before the landings and on updating intelligeoce for France's 2,000-strong cootingent with international forces afterwards. France has a desert warfare training base in the nearby Djibouti which served as a logistics base during the Somalia aid operations. Most French troops have now been withdrawn from Somalia.

iranian press condemns Clinton

TEHRAN (AFP) — Iranian newspapers Saturday slammed U.S. President Bill Clinton for meeting Salman Rushdie, saying his show of support for the British writer would fail to say Mr. Problem from death. "Togething a religion is not a matter which can be resolved through political means," the daily Abrar said. "Rushdie is a traitor for wounding the feelings of a billion Muslims and faces a deadend." Jumhuri Islami newspaper speculated that Mr. Rushdie was seeking permanent residence in the United States because Britain was trying to "gid rid of the writer who had become a security risk." Regardless of where Mr. Rushdie lives, "he will not be spared from his act of treason and burn in the fire he has helped ot stow," it said. The radical daily Salam in turn branded the meeting between Mr. Clinton and Mr. Rushdie a "blatant provocation" against Iran.

U.N. recommends renewal of Golan force

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Secretary-General Boutros Ghali recommended Friday a routine six-mooth renewal of the U.N. Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF) which has served for the past 19 years a huffer between the Syrian and Israeli armies oo the Golan Heights. The current mandate expires at the end of this month. The 1,115-member force, comprising contingents from Austria, Canada, Finland and Poland, was set up in 1974 to monitor a troop disengagement agreement that followed the 1973 Arab-Israeli war. UNDOF's commander is Major-General Roman Misztal of Poland.

iran daily telis Palestinians to revolt

NICOSIA (R) — An Iranian newspaper urged Palestinians on Saturday to rise against Israel and defy the peace deal on limited self-rule. The English-language Tehran Times, seen as close to the Foreign Ministry, attacked the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) "for being cosy with their Israeli counterparts" and negotiating "over some parts of the whole of Palestine while the Zionists are killing Palestinians." The Iranian news agency IRNA said the paper was commenting on the killing on Wednesday of Imad Akel, a commander of the military wing of the Islamic Resistance Movement, Hamas, which opposes the Israel-PLO deal. Israeli police shot dead another Hamas commander on Friday. The Tehran Times urged Muslims "to rise and defeat usurping Israelis and replace them with deserving Palestinians." It said Israelis supporters "must wait for their reckoning."

UAE plans drive against AIDS, uses mosques to broadcast advice

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The United Arah, Emirates (UAE) is launching a campaign against AIDS, using mosque loudspeakers to hroadcast advice and displaying posters of international celebrities who died of the

The campaign, which kicks off next week and will mark World AIDS Day Wednesday, is the most open so far in the conservative Gulf region where there is little, if any public discussion of acquired immune deficiency syndrome. A programme announced by the Health Ministry oa Thursday includes seminars, distribution of booklets, lectures in schools and universities, sermons at open-air Friday prayers and the display of portraits of celebrities.

Volunteers will go to restaurants, parks, shops and other places to hand out leaflets giving explanations about AIDS while balloons will be released, carrying the slogan of the campaign "AIDS requires urgent action." Centres will be set up in

parks showing films on this disease and world stars who are suffering from AIDS and those who have died from it," health ministry official said. "Portraits of them will also

be hanged in public places. We are targeting all sorts of

The UAE is among few Arah countries to allow open debate about AIDS as most regional states associate it with sex, the discussion of which is taboo in Islam. Several regional states have also been reluctant to inform the World Health Organisation on their AIDS cases.

Such countries as Saudi Arabia and Iran, the strictest societies in the region, say they are almost immune to AIDS given their Islamic teachings which prohibit illicit relationships and drugs, another cause of AIDS. A nationwide screening

drive in the UAE has shown that more than 1,200 people have tested positive for the AIDS virus since it was launched in 1985. Officials said most of them were foreigners, who were deported...

But health ministry sources said several UAE nationals had tested positive for the AIDS virus upon return from holidays in Thailand and other countries, most of them contracted it through sexual inter-course, they said.

The commander of Duhai police, Brigadier Dahi Khalfan, called this month for stricter immigracion laws, saying the influx of women from Asia, East Europe and Russia had turned the emirate into a "deo of vice and AIDS."

"The sermon during next Friday's prayer will he devoted to AIDS. Preachers have been instructed to speak about the disease and radio and television stations will hroadcast them live," an official from the Ministry of Islamic Affairs and Endowments said. 'Of course they are not

going to explain the disease. They are not doctors. They will deal with its religious and ethical aspects. They will tell people that Islam can protect them from AIDS and that it symbolises God's wrath against drug and sexual abusers."

The AIDS campaign comes a few days ahead of another drive against drugs. Thousands of people and policemen will form a caravan on Dec. 6 to tour the UAE's seven emirates for two weeks to warn the public against narcoties through seminars, booklets, films and religious prog-

It follows a surge in narcotic offences in the UAE, where around four tonnes of heroin, cocaine, hashish and other drugs were seized in 1991.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDER JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO 17:30 "L'Impure" (part News in French
Fenetre Sur
News in Hebrew News in Arabic You Bet Your Life 20:00 20:30

'Asr Maghreb' **CHURCHES**

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh, Tcl. 210740 Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Amunciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. nian Catholic Church Tel. **Armeni** 77133t. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church Tel. 652526. Evangelical Lutheras Church Tel: 824328. German-speaking Evangelical Con-gregation Tel: 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691.

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Clouds wil appear at different alti-tudes, temperatures will sightly rise, and winds will be easterly moderate. In Aqaba, partly cloudy weather condi-tions will prevail, winds wil be northerly moderate and seas calm.

Min./Max. te 5 / 17 12 / 25 4 / 19 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 15, Aquba 24, Humidity readings: Amman 65 per cent. Aquba 44 per **USEFUL TELEPHONE** NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN:

 Dr. Ahmad Othman
 786384

 Dr. Adnan Al Zaghloul
 898140,

 Dr. Ghaleb Zawaideh
 736011
 Dr. Yousef Abdo
Piras pharmacy
Ferdows pharmacy
Al Asema pharmacy 694916 661912 637055 Narroukh oharmacy 623672 644945 Najib pharmacy Dr. Mohammad Al Khalili 277757 Alquds pharmacy

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre

Civil Defence Departmen . 661111 Civil Defence In Highway Police 843402 896390 .. 630321 605800 Public Security Department
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints Water and Sewerage 897467 Complaints
Telephone Information 787111 (directory assistance) Overseas Calls Central Amman Telephone Repairs 623101
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television 773111 774111 Water Authority Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Electric Power Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6

Akileh Maternity, J. Amn... 642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity... 642362
Malhas, J. Amman 636140
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4 ... 642362 ... 636140 664171/4 669131 845845 Al-Mussher Hospital
The Islamic, Abdali
Al-Ahli, Abdali
Italian, Al-Muhajreen
Al-Bashir, J. Asirrafieh 664164/6 Army, Marka 891611/15 Queen Alia Hospital Amal Hospital ZARQA: IRBID: . (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibu Al Naices Hospital (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 **FOR THE TRAVELLER** QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

.... Bangkek (RJ) Aqaba RJ) ... Damasous RJ) Jeddah RJ 09:00 09:15 Bahrain, Doha 16:45 t7:25 Athens Agaba (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 11:00 12:25 14:25 19:05 . Moscow (SU) Cairo (MS) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

Beirut (RJ)
Frankfurt (RJ)
Vienna (RJ) 10:59 Tunis, Casablanca (RI' sterdam, New York (RI' 11:30 12:60 Athens (R 19:60 20:00 20:30 20:45 Damascuss (RJ New Delhi (RJ Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ 21:30 Singapore, Jakarta (RJ) 22:30 22:45 Other Flights (Terminal 2) Doha, Bahrain (GF Moscow (SU

HUAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

MARKET PRICES Upperflower price in fils per kg. Carrot 2607
Carrot 2607
Cauliflower 2607
Calliflower 2007
Clementine 2007
Curumbers (large) 2007
Curumbers (smail) 3707
Eggplant 2007 ono / 7 Gartic
Grapes
Grape Pruit
Lemon
Marrow (large)
Marrow (small)
Mulukhia 600/50 180/1 150 / 8 580 / 48 580 / 58 400 / 38 360 / 38 240 / 16 220 / 12 180 / 12 270 / 18 400 / 38 260 / 17 Olives (green) Orange
Onion (dry)
Onion (green)
Pepper (hot)



Home News

Draft dodgers to be pardoned

Death sentences to be commuted

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Two hundred fordamans serving sentences for dodging the draft are ex-pected to be pardoned by His Majesty King Hussein, who will also commute the death tentences passed on 15 other prisoners, informed sources

The sources also said 250 lordanians held without trial are also expected to be reeased under an order to be ssued by the Ministry of Inerior acting upon directives ssued by the King.

Royal Amnesties are necessary only for pardoning for hose who have already been convicted.

The concerned governors could order the release of hose held without trial. The 200 expected to be parloned by the King were jailed or their failure to enlist for the wo-year compulsory military ervice. The batch of 200 is relieved to be the last group of misoners under this category ifter the government relaxed he compulsory enlistment reg-

ilations, the sources said. For nearly two years, the Armed Forces has not been strictly enforcing the compulory service and very few concripts have been enlisted dur-

ng this period. In 1989, the government in-roduced a bill under which expatriates and their sons could receive exemption from he service in heu for a paynent of \$6,000 to the treasury. The arrangement was gra-tually expanded to include fordanians resident in the

According to the sources, Royal Decrees are expected to se issued soon ordering the elease of the 200 as well as commuting the sentences on 15 on death row, most of them convicted of brutal crimes involving murder. No further deails were immediately avail-

Amnesty International, the man Rights.

London-based international human rights watchdog, issued an appeal last week raising concern over what it described as the rising number of executions in Jordan after several years of relative abstention and

focusing attention on 15 whom

it feared may be at "imminent

risk of execution.

Human rights activists say that while Jordan's record of respect for human rights is by far one of the best in the Middle East as well as the Arab World, the fact that 12 people were executed — most of them convicted of brutal murders - in the Kingdom this year was alarming to

In its statement last week, Amnesty said the number of executions in Jordan this year was the "highest number recorded by Amnesty International in over two decades."

"The organisation is pro-foundly saddened by this rising trend, particularly since no executions took place in 1992 after King Hussein had repe-atedly intervened to commute death sentences.'

Three Jordanians were executed in Jordan this month, including a woman who was found guilty of premeditated murder of her husband.

Rights groups admit that executions are carried out in Jordan only in cases of first degree murder convictions involving rape and cruelty and aimed at gaining material benefits. But they emphasise that as a

principle no country should have a death penalty. Amnesty said last week that in principle it "does not con-

done crimes of violence such as murder, and recognises the responsibility of governments to bring the perpetrators to jus-tice," but it opposes the death penalty in all cases "as a violation of the right to life and of the right to be subjected to cruel, inhuman degrading punishment as specified in the Universal Declaration of Hu-

Chile is ready to offer its expertise to Jordan in mining, agriculture — visiting official

AMMAN (Petra) — The government, economic and trade institutions of Chile want to bolster ties with countries in the Middle East, particularly Jordan, because the Kingdom enjoys a very important central location enabling it to play a leading role, according to Alex Meneses, head of a visiting Chilean trade delegation.

Speaking at a meeting with Minister of Industry and Trade Bassam Al Saket, Mr. Meneses, who is the director of the international economie affairs at Chile's Ministry of Foreign Affairs, said Chile is prepared to offer Jordan its expertise in mining and agri-

He extended to the minister an invitation to visit Chile and examine the work of Chilean trade and industrial institutions. Dr. Saket said that Jordan was approaching a new stage of economic and political developments which means facing new economie trends requiring more activities in construction, housing and development, especially in the occupied Arab lands of Pales-

هكذا حدث القهل

Jordan, he said, was capable of offering its expertise and serving as a bridge in contributing to the reconstruction and development programme in the Palestinian lands.

Noting that Jordan was also keen on bolstering trade links with Chile, Dr. Saket said it was important for Jordanian importers and exporters to be acquainted with Chilean produets and for Chilean persons and importers to learn about Jordan's industrial commodities. Ministry of Industry and

Trade sources said that Jordan has been importing Chilean sodium nitrates and seeds since 1981 when the two countries signed a trade and economic agreement -Chile imports machinery, electric appliances and trans-

portation equipment, and sells copper, vegetables, fruits and

paper. Chile, said the ministry, imported nothing from Jordan in 1992, but it sold the Kingdom JD 148.5 thousand worth of

Saturday with Khaldonn Ahn Hassan, chairman of the Amman Chamber of Industry, and discussed promoting Jordanian-Chilean trade links. Following the meeting, Mr. Abu Hassan said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Pet-ra, that the talks focused on-

Chilean goods.

Mr. Meneses also held talks

the prospect of developing re-lations and the exchange of expertise in industry. According to Mr. Abu Hassen, the two sides discussed copper mining and explored the possi-bility of establishing a regional centre in Amman for marketing Chilean industries in view of the importance of Jordan's central geographical location and its proximity to Europe and Africa. Mr. Abn Hassan added that they also discussed prospects for investments in joint projects. Following the meeting, Mr. Meneses was accompanied on a tour of the



Minister of Industry and Trade Bassam Al Saket

economic official Alex Meneses (third from

Seminar to identify pre-schoolers' problems

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Institute for Child Health and Development of the Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) will Sunday hold a seminar on identifying and treating com-mon problems among preschool children.

Twenty-three physicians from the Ministry of Health, the Royal Medical Services, the General Federations of Charitable Societies and the Jordanian Society for Palestinian Medical Aid will participate in the seminar, which aims at spreading information and expertise on how to identify and treat common problems among children.

The two-day seminar will also discuss several topics including problems, in nutrition, the respiratory and nervous

systems as well as behavioural problems.

Twenty-five physicians took nart in a similar seminar organised by the institute in June. The institute was established in 1986 to raise child health care standards by improving

diagnostic and treatment prac-

tices and by training child health personnel from different parts of the Kingdom.
It conducts primary field research among children and produces informational materials to increase parent and teacher awareness of early signs of childhood diseases and

A total of 5,384 mothers and children have benefitted from the institute, which includes a Maternal and Child Health Ch-

abnormalities.

Deputy warns press against slander

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

National Jordanian Industrial

AMMAN — Toujan Faisal, Jordan's first elected woman in the Parliament expressed disappointment with some of the Jordanian press saying that some journalists were bent on tarnishing her image as a woman deputy, and she would tolerate no further such slanderous conduct ou their part.

Addressing reporters at a press conference Saturday, Ms. Faisal said that she will take legal action in the future against any reporter or newspaper that attempts to damage her image or reputation in the Parliament.

Ms. Faisal, who is a newspaper columnist herself, rethat she wants to be regarded as a Parliament member not

Since her election to Parliament on Nov. 8, said Ms. Faisal, some newspapers attacked her either directly, misquoted her or fabricated statements on her behalf and depicted her presence in Par-liament in defamatory carica-

"Such drawings and comments harmed my image, the legislature's image and the country's image as well," said Ms. Faisal.

She praised the media's role and said it is more important than the role of Parliament.

But she reminded the journalists that the law was on her side, and she will sne any reporter who attempts, to



Toujan Faisal slander her.

"I hope this would be the last time I will see drawings or articles that do not reflect my ideas or thoughts, or something I did not say, she said.

The diputy said the reason she he yet not taken any ainst reporters was because she felt her priorities were in the public's interest rather than her personal in-terests. Ms. Faisal maintained that while she opposes legislative interference in freedom of the press, she would support legislation im-posing professional ethics on journalists, "if (she) had to."

She added that deputies are not movie stars, and the press should carry their news with objectivity and respect and avoid tabloid-style reporting and sensationalism.
"It is time for the Jorda-

nian media to decide if it wants to be a credible and professional industry, or if it wants to be a tabloid media," she said. ! ...

pecialists to review public dministration trends

BID (Petra) — The first ordanian conference on pubadministration will open at armouk University in Irbid 1 Tuesday under the patrone of Chief of the Royal ourt Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker. A statement from Yarmouk niversity quoted Rifaat souri, assistant dean of the aculty of Economics and dministrative Sciences, as ying that specialists from vaous universities will take part the three day conference id will review several reareh papers concerning lministration issues in

Dr. Faouri said that the conference aims primarily to allow specialists to debate new trends in public administration with particular focus on manpower development and skills, especially in the new atmosphere of democracy in the Kingdom.

He said questions related to public financing of projects under the present economie situation and the role of the inspection and control departments over the public administrative work will also be tackled during the meeting.

Awqaf Ministry prepares for pligrims

AMMAN (Petra) — At least 1,500 Muslims from Palestinian lands occupied since 1948 wishing to perform the lesser pilgrimage to Mecca are due to cross into Jordan via the King Hussein Bridge on Tuesday. The Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs announced Saturday that it had arranged for their crossing and their travel to Saudi Arabia in cooperation with the other concerned government anthorities. It said that the pilgrims would be housed at the pilgrims camps at Ghor Nimrem in the Jordan Valley on their way to Mecca and back to their homeland. The ministry said that it also made administrative arrangements which include sending a special mission to accompany the pilgrims to Mecca, secure housing for them there and in Medina and guide them to the holy sites.

WHAT'S GOING ON **EXHIBITIONS**

- Art exhibition by artist Farghali Abdel Hafiez at the Balka' Art Gallery in Al Fuheis (10:00 a.m.- 8:00 p.m.) (Tel.
- * Exhibition of ceramics by Iraqi artist Seham Saoudi at Alia Art Gallery (9:00-13:30 and 15:00-18:00) (Tel. 639303). ☆ Photographic exhibition on the intifada at Abdul Hameed
- Shoman Foundation (8:00 a.m.-4:00 p.m.). Exhibition of pottery by Hazim Al Zu'bi at the Jordan Crafts Centre (Al Aydi) - Jabal Amman, Second Circle
- (9:00-13:00 and 15:00-18:00). Exhibition of lithographs by a number of artists at the French Cultural Centre.
- Art exhibition by artist Hammoud Shantout at Baladna Art Gallery (Gardens Street). * Art exhibition by Iraqi artist Rakan Dabdoub at Orfali Art Gallery (Tel. 826932).
- * Art exhibition by a number of artists at the Student Affairs Deanship Building at the University of Jordan: * Exhibition of recent paintings by artist Ammar Khammash. at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Founda
 - tion in Jabal Luweibdeb. Also showing, the permanent exhibition (Saturday-Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.)

FILMS & DRAMAS

- * Film entitled "The Omega Man" at the American Center at 5:00 p.m. (98 minutes).
- or Drawn in Arabic entitled "The Question" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 5:00 p.m.
- * Drama in Arabic entitled "The Happiness of Married Life" M Samir Al Rife'l Auditorium at the University of Jordan at 3:00 p.m.

SEMINARS

A Seminar entitled "Child's Right" at the Royal Cultural Combre at 7:00 p.m.

DIALOGUE

Distogue with poet Abdul Wahab Al Bayati at Phoenix Gallery for Art and Culture at 7:00 p.m.

Ministry starts 3-week drive against smoking in public areas be carrying on similar duties

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Health Ministry Saturday announced the start of a three-week intensive campaign to combat smoking in public places, noting that the 1977 law imposing fines and other punitive measures against smoking in these areas was to be applied.

A ministry official told the Jordan Times that the major aim of this campaign is to spread public awareness against the dangers of smoking, adding that health offi-cials would not hesitate in taking measures to ensure

respect of the law. Three teams of officials are appointed to carry out the campaign in the Amman region, but their colleagues will

m all governorates, said the official. The campaign was seen as part of a Health Ministry plan announced last July to impose tough measures against smoking in public places.

The ministry said in July that it had issued a strong advisory calling for sweeping measures in this regard and calling for a total ban on smoking at all government offices and public sector institutions including waiting areas for visitors and corridors as well as indoor anditoriums and sports facili-

The ministry statement Saturday said that the threeweek campaign, which will be observed under the slogan "Towards Creating Smoke-Free Places," will include inspection of hospitals, indoor sports facilities, conference halls and health centres, as well as professional, union premises, restaurants moviehouses, public transport buses, and service taxi cars to ensure that the law is being observed.

Health Minister Abdul Rahim Malhas said in a statement to the Jordan Times upon the issuance of the ministry regulations last summer that international studies have proved beyond doubt that passive smoking was a major health hazard.

Department at the European Investment Bank (EIB) Saturday sign an agreement by which the EIB is to give Jordan a \$24 million grant to belp Ailoun court to start proceedings finance telecommunications projects linking Jordan with neighbouring Arab countries and

AMMAN (Petra) - The Council of Ministers has decided that a Court of First Instance which was recently established in Ajloun will start proceedings on Dec. 2.

The announcement was made Saturday by Justice Minister Rateb Al Wazani who said that residents of the Ailoun area will no longer need to appear at Irbid courts to settle their cases.

Noting that the government had issued an order last April for the opening of the Ajloun court, the minister said the

new court would deal with various cases except those handled by the Criminal Court m Amman. The Ministry of Justice, said Mr. Wazani, has started implementing a plan for opening

Referring to courts to be opened soon in Amman, he said that one will be opened next week in the southern district. It will be located at the Middle East Circle on the road to the Jordan Radio and Tele-

According to Mr. Wazani. the ministry will also open a court in the eastern part of Amman, tobe located on Marka Street.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

new courts in Amman and

other districts and governo-

Crown Prince meets supporters of housing for poor

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday met at the Royal Court with Egyptian legal expert Ibrahim Fawzi and Dean of the Fine Arts College at Cairo University Sami Abdul Aziz to discuss prospects of establishing an international society to house the poor. The society will carry the name of the renowned architect Hassan Fathi.

Cabinet appoints new CSC secretary general

AMMAN (Petra) - The Council of Ministers Saturday appointed Mohammad Shawabkeh as secretary general of the Civil Service Commission (CSC) succeeding Khaled Radaideh who has retired. Mr. Shawabkeh had served in the foreign service before his appointment to the new post. The Cabinet also Saturday decided to appoint nine graduates of law schools as employees at the Ministry of Justice. A cabinet statement said that the group who had graduated with excellent grades would later enrol at the Indicial Institute to prepare them to become

Egg prices drop by 150 fils per

AMMAN (Petra) - A committee in charge of setting prices of table eggs announced Saturday that a 30-egg tray price will be reduced by 150 fils. The order, which is to take immediate effect, was taken by the committee which groups representatives of the ministries of Supply and Agriculture and the private sector.

Jordan to attend water conference in U.S.

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan is to take part in an international conference on water which is due to open in San Francisco, California, on Tuesday. Sager Salem, a water expert at the Ministry of Water and Irrigation who will represent Jordan at the conference, said that he planned to submit a working paper con-taining a proposal for the amendment of a set of specifications endorsed by the World Health Organisation (WHO)

Arab environmental ministers meeting ends with protection plans, projects

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan took part in the fifth meeting of the Arab Council of Ministers responsible for environmental affairs held in Cairo between Nov. 23 and 25, according to Saleh Al Share', director of the Environment Department who led the Jordanian team to the meeting.

SIGNING A \$24M EUROPEAN GRANT:

Minister of Plauning Ziad Fariz (centre) and Thomas O'Ryan, director of the Operations

The council discussed a joint programme for the Arab World dealing with the environment in the coming two years and the mechanism for its implementation, said Dr. Share' upon his return to Am-

man Saturday. He said the council decided

to call a group of Arab experts to prepare a comprehensive report on plans to protect the environment in 21st century as endorsed by the Earth Summit held in Rio de Janeiro last

The council also formed an Arab experts group to study the implementation of an international plan to deal with changes in climatic conditions and another to review efforts in combatting desertification, said Dr. Share'.

In addition, he said, the Arab ministers meeting decided to set up committees aimed at implementing programmes to combat industrial

pollution in the Arab World and to spread awareness among the Arab public on way

Europe. The grant will also finance part of the

ongoing projects for improving telephone networks within the Amman region which will be implemented by the Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) between 1994 and 1997. The

European grant covers about 50 per cent of the total cost of the projects; the Jordanian govern-

ment will supply the balance (Petra photo)

to protect the environment. In the course of spreading awareness in this regard, he said the council decided to publish booklets on the environment to be distributed to Arab children in cooperation with the U.N. Development Programme and the United Nations Children Fund (UN-

ICEF). The Cairo meeting, according to Dr. Share', endorsed an agreement on inter-Arab exchanges of information about vesseles that cause marine

BBC to hold phone-in programme on freedom of the press Thursday

AMMAN (J.T.) — What are the limits for the freedom of the press? Should a publication always take into account the national interest? Does the national interest necessarily represent the government's interest? Do newspapers have the right to pry into the private lives of public figures? Is there complete freedom of the press in the West?

These are just some of the questions that the BBC Arabic Service is inviting its listeners

to pose to a distinguished panel of journalists in a phone-in programme on Thursday, Dec. 2, according to a BBC press

Taking part will be Othman Al Omeir, editor of Al Sharq Al Awsat. Atef Al Ghamri, chief of Al Ahram Bureau in London, and Rana Qabbani, a prominent Arah journalist and

broadcaster living in London. "Over the past year we bave received many letters from listeners commenting on what the press publish, particularly the British press," said Hani Larabi, editor of Features and

Music on BBC Arabic Service. The lines for calls to BBC Arabie Service phone-in on freedom of the press will be open from 1100 GMT on Thursday, Dec. 2. The programme will be broadcast from 1415-1600 GMT.

The telephone number is 44-71-379-7444. Listeners are invited to call with their name and number.

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief:

Facsimile: 661242

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices: Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Israel's discriminatory democracy!

ABDUL WAHAB DARAWSHE is right to demand an Arab ministerial post as a condition for his party's support for the Labour government. The Israeli Arabs have been so far denied a share in Israeli cabinet on the premise that it is too sensitive for Israeli security to have Arabs sit in Israel's highest decision-making body.
Afte: 40 years of the creation of Israel in
Palestine, the Jewish state has yet to allow an
Arab to hold any cabinet portfolio even though Arabs number more than 700,000 of the population. At the moment, the two parties that represent Arabs in the Knesset hold five seats and though not within the Labour-led coalition have continuously given their support to the Rabin government. It is high time that the Arab minority enjoyed equality in Israel, and attained their politic rights.

Mr. Darawshe, who leads the Arab Democratic Party, bowever, appears to make this principled cause a personal crusade by insisting that he himself be named the first Israeli-Arab minister. Darawshe's legitimate cause would have won him more acclaim and credibility had he championed the principle rather the person in this context.

Although Mr. Darawshe appears to be pressing the government for a cabinet seat when it: seems to be vulnerable and weak on the peace issue, it might still be the most opportune time for the Arabs to make their claim for a place in the Rabin coalition government more persuasive. Mr. Rabin may not feel obliged to include an Arab in his cabinet because he thinks the Arab members of the Knesset won't fail him on the peace issue. Yet it is exactly for this reason that Rabin should incorporate an Arab in his cabinet to ensure the Arab's continued support and strengthen his coalition of 56 Knesset members that include in addition to Labour. the ultra-orthodox Shas I'arty on the right and Meretz on the left. The contention by some Israeli power circles that Darawshe, a close friend of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, should not be let in on Israel state secrets can only be described as extremely discriminatory.

The quest for Arab representation in the Israeli establishment must never be at the price of suffocating or aborting the peace process. Darawshe and his colleagues must press ahead with their dreams and yearnings but with discretion and prudence. Israel has ratified the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) only a year ago but without any fanfare. The Israeli Arabs can invoke the ICCPR not only for acquiring cabinet posts but to rectify their overall situation as well.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

COMMENTING on the npcoming visit to the Middle East by U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, Al Ra'i daily said Saturday that the trip is clearly aimed at giving momentum to the peace process. It is rather difficult to imagine the kind of stimulus which will come from Mr. Christopher to the peace process following several visits to the region by high level U.S. officials, but we can rightly and safely say that no just and durable settlement can come about except through more serious American efforts and pressures on the Zionists to comply with the requirements of peace and the international legitimacy and U.N. resolutions, says the paper. It said that we have seen the world community taking quick decisions, and the U.S. exercising speedy political, economic and military pressures in dealing with the Gulf crisis; and we have seen the world community and the U.S. torturing hundreds of thousands of innocent Iraqis, including children and the sick, for the sake of implementing U.N. resolutions. Each time an American official or secretary of state visits this region, we hear statements about the need for the Arabs to offer more concessions and to refrain from rejecting American and Israeli terms for peace, continued the daily. It said that any peace that does not give back to the Palestinians their legitimate rights would be a fragile peace imposed on the Arabs by the U.S.-Israeli arrogant alliance.

A COLUMNIST in Al Dustour daily strongly criticised U.S. President Bill Clinton for receiving in his office the writer Salman Rushdie who wrote the widely-controversial book 'Satanic Verses." By so doing, the U.S. president has insulted at the feelings of the millions of Muslims, said Saleh Qallah. The writer said that by welcoming Rushdie, Mr. Clinton has explicitly shown his open hatred to the Muslims. When the late Irarian leader Ayatollah Khomeini ruled that Rushdie should be killed for his book, there emerged cautious voices warning that such a move could make Rushdie more famous and could make of the Indian-born British author, a symbol for western prepaganda against the Islamic World under the pretext of defending freedom and democracy, said the writer. Rushdie should have been left alone or the Arab and Muslim writers replied to his writings, added the writer.



Wins in hand, Clinton looks to polish image

By John King The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - With fresh achievements in hand, the White House has an opportunity in the next few weeks to polish President Clinton's wavering image and generate momentum for major 1994 in-

As a first year of fits and starts winds down, Mr. Clinton loyalists have been most frustrated by the president's rocky public reviews despite solid economic news and a substantial list of policy accomplish-

So the administration hopes Mr. Clinton's come-from-behind North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) victory, favourable reviews from the weekend Pacific trade conference and a late-year focus on violence and crime will combine to boost his standing significantly - in Washington and beyond.

"The biggest plus, the political plus here, is that people will use this period as a lens on the entire year," said James Carville, a Clinton political adviser. "The president's im-age has been blurred a lot, sometimes because of our own mistakes. But when you look. into that lens now you can't help but say, 'damn, the guy got a lot done'." Without day-to-day legisla-

tive wars after Congress reces-ses this week, Mr. Clinton plans to make the case that his year in omce was as pro ductive as any president in modern times. He will also lay the groundwork for health care, welfare reform and anticrime initiatives on his early

Not that Mr. Clinton's voice will go unchallenged, or that he will be free of political

His NAFTA victory created deep rifts in his own Democratie Party, and organised labour is proving slow to accept Mr. Clinton's peace offer. Liberals are encouraged by Mr. Clinton's decision to spend more time outlining what Adviser George Stepha-nopoulos calls "the moral au-thority of the office" in urging families and communities to fight crime, violence and other social ills. But many want more spending, too.

And then there's Ross

Mr. Perot lost the NAFTA war but promised to carry on, with health care his next target. Mr. Perot argued that Mr. Clinton opened the treas-ury to pass NAFTA, that the trade deal reduces American competitiveness, and that an employer mandate as part of health care reform "will force

even more jobs to Mexico." "They may see this as a win but the American people don't." Mr. Perot said.

The White House view is that Mr. Perot lost credibility in the NAFTA debate. But advisers acknowledge Mr. Clinton needs to repair relations with hlue-collar Americans, and say health care reform is the perfect prescrip-

"We need a democratic working-class base and there is a lot of anger out there," said White House pollster Stanley Greenberg. "We have to reassure these people we're for them. But NAFTA is trivial compared to health care with

the working class."
Overall, Mr. Greenberg said Mr. Clinton's poll standing has hovered near historic lows because the public is sceptical he can deliver on his promises. his goals but aren't convinced he is up to accomplishing them," Mr. Greenberg said. And despite a year of low

inflation, low interest rates and improving growth, the public remains sceptical about the economy, among the biggest factors in a president's A recent national survey by

a Republican firm, Public Opinion Strategies, for example, found 62 per cent of Americans helieve the country is headed in the wrong direction. Just 50 per cent said Mr. Clinton was a strong leader.

Zhirinovskey poised to win in December

By Carole Landry

Agence France Presse MOSCOW - Ultra-national-

ist Vladimir Zhirinovsky, whose Liberal-Democratic Party is poised to win seats in the new Russian parliament, represents a "third force" on the December ballot, battling to revive great Russia.
The 47-year-old lawyer, who has

forged ties with neo-fascist groups in Germany and Afrikaans resistance groups throughout Europe, is relying on popular discontent to produce votes in his favour in the

legislative election.
"You've seen what the democrats have done in the past two years and your grandmother can tell you all about the communists." Mr. Zhirinovsky told voters Saturday from a podium set up in a

rundown section of Moscow. "Now, listen to me and you will know that there is a third force that knows the way." be shouted as a crowd of about 50 people quickly swelled to reach more than 200.

An effective speaker, Mr. Zhirinovsky came to prominence as the third runner-up in the 1991 presidential election, surprisingly gathering eight per cent of the vote.

With the elimination from the race of the Russian Peo-ple's Union headed by Hardliner Serguei Bahurin, Mr. Zhirinovsky's party has been granted a clear advantage in opealing to the nationalist

The Liberai-Democratic Party, founded in March 1990. appears certain to win support

from at least five per cent of voters, the minimum share of votes required to obtain a seat in the state Duma, the Lower House of the Federal Assembly.

Mr. Zhirinovsky aides claim that the 156 candidates on the nationalist ticket will win at least 20 per cent of the vote from a broad constituency of discontented voters.

These include the elderly suffering from economic hardship. The army disgruntled over its loss of prestige and the working poor frightened by the prospect of unemploy-

Mr. Zhirinovsky's electoral platform calls for three immediate measures: cutting off all aid to former Soviet republics, halting military conversion

and fighting crime.

"If we stop delivering gas to Ukraine, then they will be forced to give us back the Crimea," he explained, adding that playing hardball with the former Soviet republics would contribute to the long-term goal of reviving great Russia.

A native of the Azerbaijani

capital of Baku, Mr. Zhirinovsky openly displays his contempt towards "the people from the south" and "other strangers" who he claims have plundered the wealth of the country.

"Foreigners don't want us. They want our territory," he

Considered by many to be a political outcast, the candidate condemns the economic policy of the current government and pejoratively refers to Deputy Prime Minister Yegor Gaidar Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

Negative market indicators are negligible

In theory, the peace formula offered by America and Israel should be accompanied by economic prosperity as a sweetener.

to help swallow the bitter pill.

This is more applicable to Jordan than other Arab parties, due to its geographic proximity, political climate and demographic composition. However, the financial, real-estate and general trade markets gave a negative response after the breakthrough in peace process, namely the Palestinian-Israeli mutual recognition and agreement on principles, the news of which leaked out as of the beginning of September. Jordanian officials look puzzled. The prime minister denied

that the present recession has any real economic justification. His offered explanation is the uncertainty and wait-and-see position taken hy husinessmen and consumers. He implied that the economic slowdown is simply a temporary phe-

nomenon which will soon go away.

In his turn, the director of Amman Financial Market showed his surprise to the fact that Jordanian investors. behaviour did not respond positively to the progress of peace.

Al Aswaq, a business daily newspaper, was also surprised that investors' behaviour did not respond to the promised dividends of peace which, in its view, will revitalise the economy and reduce foreign indebtedness, especially that the government granted recently more tax incentives to exports and took other measures to remove distortions and bottlenecks in the real-estate sector.

It seems that the negative market indicators were overread. As a matter of fact, share prices rose in September by 4.5 per cent and declined in October by 1 per cent. The decline in November, until the prime minister's statement was published on Nov. 22, was 3 per cent. All these are normal ups and downs and do not justify the prime minister's intervention and explanation.

The proceeds of the Land and Survey Department in

King puts country

on path towards

'constitutional

monarchy'

By Wayne Owens

In focusing on the hope that the Syrians and Israelis can

reach an agreement on

peace, the world community

should appreciate other posi-

tive developments in the re-

gion and the impact they

could have on the peace pro-

cess. Not the least among

these-developments were the

significant Jordan parliamen-

tary elections two weeks ago.

The importance of the elec-

tion results goes far beyond

the fact that Islamic fun-

damentalist representation

was reduced by one-third,

Jordanians overwhelmingly

support their King's active

participation in the peace

process. The vote also signal-

led that Jordanian voters

were influenced by their be-

liefs that, in a country needing johs and economic

growth, fundamentalist par-

iamentarians "just didn't get

it" and had wasted their lead-

ership opportunities trying to

force socio-religious stan-

dards on their countrymen. What should be most im-

pressive to western observers

is that King Hussein has

voluntarily and without

pressure, except for his view of history, charted a course to

turn his Kingdom into a

"constitutional monarchy" with final governing power to

ultimately and irretrievably be vested in the Jordanian

King Hussein is perhaps

the first absolute monarch in

history to prepare a democra-tic institution to assume gov-

ernance powers at the height

of his own personal popular-ity. He won a major battle in

that direction two weeks ago

in Jordan's parliamentary elections when Jordanians

demonstrated that they

understand their national responsibility by heeding his

advice to separate church and

The King counseled that religion should not be defiled

by politics, not the other way around. But Jordanian voters

understood his point and Isla-mic extremist candidates lost

whelming majority of peace

supporters including, for the first time, a woman. Most of

those elected were those who

promised change and econo-

mic improvements — just

like in American elections.

King Hussein has ruled for

more than forty years in the

small but strategically critical Middle Eastern country

whose four million people

find themselves in the centre

of what is probably the most

volatile and dangerous region in the world. This is the place

where ultimate religious and

economic realities intertwine:

three of the world's most

powerful religions had their

beginnings and find their

holiest places here and from

here flows the oil upon which

the entire world's economy is

Five wars have been fought

in the Middle East over the

last half century to settle ter-

ritorial disagreement, the last

bringing 650.000 American

dependent.

electors chose an over-

troops to protect the world's mother lode of oil — prob-ably the only place in the world where America would

make that effort. In an area

less than one half the size of

the state of Utah, Israelis, Palestinians, Jordanians, Syrians and Lebanese must figure out how to trade and cooperate. If they fail, with burgeoning arsenals of nuclear, chemical, biological and conventional weaponers

conventional weaponry

targeted at each other, and ballistic missiles to deliver all

four, they face dramatically

that is far beyond anything suffered in this region where suffering has been a constant

Economic reality and the

No Arab leader has been

so long and so firmly commit-ted to facing the political and

economie verities which dic-

tate the inevitable reconcilia-

tion between Arahs and

Israel, and, along with it,

democratisation as well, as

has Jordan's sovereign. In my

four-day visit to his country during the final moments of

the campaign two weeks ago, I found appreciation for the

opportunity to vote, but even

more I found a sense of grati-

tude that their beloved King was trusting them with real

power. This is evident from

more than just their votes. It

was only last year that one-

third of the population

turned out to welcome him

home from treatment at the

the King on election day how many people in history have heard a monarch proclaim: "It is a source of pride to

hand over powers to people

who are ready to shape their

In movement towards

democracy, Jordanians are

more advanced than any of

their Arab neighbours. Their

efforts and attempts in Morocco and in Tunisia,

hoped-for reforms in Egypt and elsewhere, and the

emerging self-governance by Palestinians in Gaza and in

Jericho-these developments

and the economic activity be-

tween Israel and its neigh-

bours which is everywhere being flined with — all make

it a hopeful season for demo-

cracy in this tiny region of

historic conflict, which, ex-

cept for Israel, has been so

long totally dominated by au-

thoritarian governments.

For all of this, the world

community should take note and view the Jordanian elec-

tion results as something more than just defeat of fun-

damentalism. It is an impor-

tant development that leads

to greater hope for the re-

The writer, a former U.S.

Democratic congressman

representing the state of Utah, who is currently visit-

ing the Middle East, contri-

buted the above article to the

gion's prospects.

I wondered as I listened to

Mayo Clinic.

depth of yearning for peace are finally manifesting them-selves, as the Jordanian vo-

companion.

ters showed.

October were less than the same month of 1992 by only 2 per cent. The alleged slowdown in retail and wholesale trading does not lend itself to accurate measurement due to lack of statistics, but it is a welcome development, if true. One of our structural problems is the inflated consumption and importa-tion. Any reduction in these variables is a positive sign as part of the economic adjustment.

The denial or rejection of negative indicators of the markets is not productive. Market indicators are facts of life which officials should not waste time refuting or explaining away. Market indicators should be understood and acted upon

What happened in the Amman Financial Market is a What happened in the Amman Pinancial Market is a substantial decline in the volume of transactions. This decline measures the change in the volume of liquidity available for speculation. It does not measure the state of affairs of the national economy. Decline in the real-estate market was also in volume, not prices. It does not necessarily includes a reduction of demand due to future lower price expectations, it may indicate a reduction of supply due to future higher price

The crisis in apartments was a normal result of the building boom which persisted for two years, when construction was running at double the normal level and inevitably created a

surplus which will take some time to be absorbed.

The negative market indicators, so far, were limited and negligible. They do not warrant too much attention by the government. The slightly negative response of the market to the accelaration of peace process is not due to lack of information. In fact, when the full scale of information becomes available, the response may be worse. People do not know yet that, as things stand now, Jordan has nothing to gain from peace. The reasons: Israel is too selfish and inflexible, America is taking Jordan for granted, the government is misplaying its cards and giving the impression that Jordan is for peace at any conditions.

LETTERS

Who next?

The plight of the people of Bosnia, a Muslim country without oil, is causing endiess ripples of embarrassment to the United States government. Unfortunately, Serbia is not Iraq and Bosnia is not Kuwait and, for all its clout, the United States is mable to muster international unanimity as to what to do

The cabal of Bosnia's neighbouring European governments is about to burst at the seams, with glee for some, frustrating for others and a general pervasive helplessness—depending!

The peace-loving people of the world are by now convinced that Serbia's campaign of "cleansing" Bosnia of its Muslim people should be summarily stopped! The chemical connotation of the act of cleansing is synonymous with the ominous gas ovens of Nazi Germany. The world can no longer afford to tolerate mini-Hitlers to rear their heads.

tolerate mini-Hitlers to rear their heads. The United Nations, with all its genuine concern, seems to be lacking the mandate to stop the hemorrhaging of innocent Bosnian blood. While, at best, the U.N. is attempting to pulverise the ills of double standards, it is equally lacking in

the sinews of imposition when dealing with human rights. While the Serbs are overthy waging a sectarian war of extermination against the Muslims of Bosnia, the Muslims World, in turn, appears to be rejoicing privately at the possibility of outright military intervention. I say rejoicing because the Muslim World, having opiated itself for so long with the incantation "Allahu Akbar," seems to be in need of yet another major upheaval to free itself of its present mental stupor and moral paralysis.

If a concerted effort from the Muslim countries — or even from one Muslim country, preferably one of the ex-Soviet Muslim republics — could only be prodded to challenge the Slavic Scrbs, this would certainly destabilise the support being given to the Slavic Scrbs from their erstwhile allies, the Slavi

of Russia and Eastern Europe. Should such a possibility come to pass, this would eventually coalesce the embarrassed U.S. government, the foot-dragging of the United Nations, the frustrations of the European cabal

and the peace-loving people of the world and, in particular, the Muslim World, into one cohesive moment akin to that of the Musimi world, into one conceive moment axis to the coalitionists during the Gulf war.

Short of that, the Serbs, already emboldened by their successes, will have to embark on new cleansing adventures to

protect their military and political gains. Hence, who is the next most likely candidate for eventual cleansing? The Muslims of Kosovo, for sure! In the process, this could include the Muslims of Macedonia and Albania. Then, having cleansed Europe of the Muslims of Kosovo, Macedonia and Albania the constitution of the Muslims of Kosovo, Macedonia and Albania the constitution of the Muslims of Kosovo, Macedonia and Albania the constitution of the Muslims of Kosovo, Macedonia and Albania the constitution of the Muslims of Kosovo. Albania, the question again arises of who is next? The Turkish peninsula of Thrace? That is all that is left. Then what will happen? Nuclear Armageddon between the Muslim East and the Christian West?

> Ludwig W. Tamari, 9200 River Road, Potomac, Maryland 20854,

Costly solace

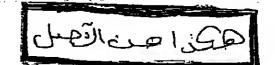
The media are known to be open to use by different interests. groups and sectors of society for quite different ends. Together with multiplicity of purpose goes ambiguity of meaning. Attempts to decode the meaning of content, and to use the

result as a criterion of evaluation where the "condolences" section of our newspapers is concerned, reveals rather disappointing social facts about a certain sector of our society. Communicative conduct of individuals who choose to make a statement about their social class, or rather, their bank. account, using the condolence section as a means, has to be ethically and morally criticised. Surely, there are more constructive ways to publicise one's bulk of wealth other than taking up a whole page to offer one's condolences. Expressing sympathy should be much more sanctified than advertised, the latter of which has become the case in our newspapers. One's financial situation can be judged by the size and the space one talks in the newspaper to offer solace for the grieving family of the deceased. As if intensity and sincerity of emotions are measured by centimetres.

Feelings of sorrow should be expressed, but when those feelings become commodities, one cannot help but feel that the noblest of all feelings is being trivialised and demeaned. Media should be used as means of public information and instruction and cultural advance. So, let us use it and not abuse

> Natasha Bukhari, P.O. Box 364,

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its. readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters at subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.



French ready to pander to Chinese taste for luxury

By Jennifer Genevieve Reuter

PARIS - French luxury goods firms, purveyors of fine cog-nacs, perfumes and designer labels to the world, are gearing np to indulge China's long-suppressed taste for the good

With the Chinese economy set to grow 14 per cent this year, the world's most populous nation is set to become one of the world's biggest markets for French finesse and firms like LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton, Remy Cointreau and L'Oreal stand to benefit.

"China will be the biggest cognac market in the world hy the year 2000," said Gilles Hennessy, vice-chairman of the Hennessy Cognac House, which is part of the LVMH

As Chinese wages rise and the cost of living remains re-latively cheap, other luxury goods are also expected to find outlets as consumers look for ways to pamper themselves.

"In 20 to 30 years, this country should become a country of heavy consumption and a major consumer of quality products," said Yves Carcelle, the chairman of LVMH's baggage and leather goods division, Louis Vnitton.

"It is a strategic market for everyone," added an official at the perfumes and beauty prodncts branch of L'Oreal.

Although his division's sales in China currently equal the turnover of a single U.S. department store, Asian and Pacific sales will eventually make up some 50 per cent of L'Oreal's perfumes and beauty products world sales, compared to 10 to 12 per cent now,

The growth in Southeast Asia will compensate for cur-

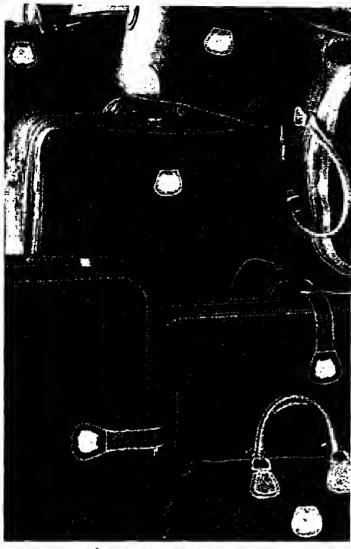
rent weak demand in European markets, a spokeswoman at Remy Cointreau's cognac

maker Remy Martin added.
"Within 10 to 15 years, the weight of this market will be close to that of Japan," said LVMH Chairman Bernard Arnault recently, adding that LVMH's Chinese sales were

elimbing at an impressive 50 to 80 per cent year. The Chinese have already

made themselves known as brandy connoisseurs who drink both XO and top-of-the-range VSOP in the traditional French way, before, during and after

Exports to China amounted



French finesse and firms are set to become best sellers on Chinese markets (file photo)

Dubai tries to lure tourists with desert delights

By Diana Abdallah Reuter

the desert, shop in souks for the cheapest gold in the world, play golf, go scuba diving or even wadi bashing.

Wadi bashing? That's when you tear off into the desert in a four-wheel drive vehicle to bounce over sand dunes and dry creek beds.

If it sounds like fun, the Gulf Arah emirate of Dubai is offering all this in a bid to attract

tourists. Although Dubai's tourist industry is still in its infancy, the government hopes it will play a big part in efforts to diversify an economy largely dependent on oil and trade.

The countries of the region are relative newcomers on the world tourism map and information about leisure travel has been limited until now, said Khalid Bin Sulayem, chief executive of the Duhai Commerce and Tourism Promotion Board set up in 1989.

We want to promote Dubai as an up-market destination. basically for people who come here for business and could use their time to enjoy what Dubai offers as well," he added. Sun and sand are plentiful.

Mark B

12.22

Certain other requirements for some people's idea of a perfect holiday pose problems. Outrage when Russian tour-ists sunbathed topiess on a

beach raised concern that tourism would conflict with tradi-

The Duhai municipality quickly put up signs near the beach warning tourists to conform to the emirate's dress codes - no bare hreasts on the

Drinking laws are not so

strict as in some Islamic countries but only hotels and some private clubs can serve alcohol from police to huy liquor in

There are limits to what is accepted, Mr. Bin Sulayem "Our traditions are very well

known, we have things we accept and other things we don't. We make this clear in our promotion material. At the same time we try to make it enjoyable for tourists to stay

Among other attractious are treks and overnight camping in the desert.

Souks, or open-air markets, are treasure troves of gold, silk and spices. Alternatively, there are air-conditioned shop-

International sports events are strongly promoted.

The Dubai creek golf and yacht cluh, Dubai's latest 18hole all grass championship course, hosted the Duhai desert classie golf tournament. Dubai has another gold club and a third is under construc-

Dubai also staged world powerhoat championships in 1992 and 1993, the Duhai International Rally and an ATP

tennis open. The annual Dubai Exiles Rugby Sevens, which takes place next weekend, draws some of the world's best rugby talent as well as fans - mainly European expatriates — from

around the region. "Sports is attracting people from abroad and it gives the country good exposure overseas. It is contributing in different ways to the promotion of Dubai and the UAE," Mr. Bin Sulayem said.

The main target for Dubai's tourist industry are nationals of other states of the Gulf Coop-UAE, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain and Oman.

"GCC nationals are the most important tourists for us. They are close by, we share language and tradition. They are quite wealthy and they really spend when in Duhai, Mr. Bin Sulayem said.

Despite summer temperatures that soared to 45 degrees centigrade hotels had a good summer season, Mr. Bin Sulayem said.

"We have good indicators on what we achieved."

However, foreigners other than GCC nationals and British citizens need local sponsors to obtain entry visas. Mr. Bin Sulayem said the measures had been eased and foreigners could be sponsored by travel agents or hotels.

Figures on income are still

not available. "We are just at the beginning. For tourism to become a source of income it will take a number of years to know," he

"But tourism is already bringing in good business to hotels, travel agents and the retail market."

In the last two months Dubai convinced about 40 German tour operators, 13 in Switzerland and two in Austria to offer package to Dubai, be said.

The tourism board said 205,000 "leisure visitors" came to Dubai in the year ending June 1993. The number of hotels bas risen to 164 from 42 a decade ago and leisure visi-tors accounted for a third of the occupancy.



Tel: 667171

Tourists fascinated by close-up views of bears

By Yereth Rosen

to about 6.25 million bottles

last year, according to the

French wines and spirits expor-

ters' federation, up 121 per cent from 1991's 2.83 million

Hennessy said its sales were set to double to more than one

million bottles this year, with

20 to 30 per cent sold to local

people and the rest to expatri-

In 1992, the cognac industry

With that prospect in mind,

dispatched a total of about 134

zhou is currently being negoti-

cover baute couture and per-

fumes, is also planning to open a new Louis Veitton haggage

and leather goods boutique in

Shanghai next year after opening its first one in Beijing only

"It is working better than expected. We had forecast loc-

al clients to be a minority but

70 per cent of sales come from

local clients," said Louis Vuit-

pointed out that China was

only just beginning to become

interesting and sales were cur-

'China is only just starting,'

he said LVMH hante coutnre

houses Christian Dior and

Celine will also be opening

houtiques in China while

L'Oreal plans to create part-

nerships in order to position

itself in the emerging market. Not all of France's luxury

exporters see quite the same

Hermes, best known for its silk ties and scarves, says it has

no plans to try to break into the silkworm's home market.

opportunities, however.

rently at low levels.

ated, Hennessy said.

last November.

ton's Carcelle.

million bottles worldwide.

ates and tourists.

Reuter

MCNEIL RIVER GAME SANCTUARY, Alaska -Clenching a silvery salmon in its sharp teetb, a large brown bear bounds up a river bank to stare at the people huddled there — then saunters off to enjoy its lunch in peace.
It's a scene that ordinarily

would strike terror into buman

But this is no ordinary place. It is the McNeil River game Hennessy is preparing to open its first Chinese representative sanctuary, the Alaska state-run home of the world's densest office in Beijing by the end of concentration of brown bears, the year. The opening of two others in Sbanghai and Guanga place where bruins pay less attention to human visitors than they do to flocks of sea-gulls drawn hy fish scraps in LVMH, whose activities also the river.

Here, the bears that bother looking at people do so only hriefly, then go about their husiness, which is usually dining at the salmon-choked McNeil River.

Strict controls on people whose visits have been limited under a 20-year-old permit system - have helped make this what experts consider the world's premier site for watching the large coastal grizzlies

Asian sales make up 50 per that Alaskans dub "brownies". cent of Vuitton's 4.4 hillion One recent afternoon, some franc (\$785 million) turnover. 0 bears were counted either Although China sales are fishing in the river's small still very low it will become the waterfalls, sitting on the rivereconomie driving force of the Asian zone, he said. An official responsible for hank gorging on their catches or napping on sun-drenched rocks. Just a few feet away, permit-holding visitors snap-L'Oreal's Lancome hrand

> amazement at the spectacle. "In my second life, I'm going to be a wildlife photographer," said Jim Davis, a retired Alaska Department of Fish and Game caribou expert from Fairbanks who was manning a tripod-mounted camera and a telephoto lens.

ped pictures and expressed

"I'm a wildlife freak, I used to do it professionally and now I just do it for fun," he said. The McNeil River game sancutuary, run by the Depart-ment of Fish and Game, was established by a nearunanimous vote of the Alaska

legislature in 1967.
The area's popularity is

growing, mirroring a shift to hear-viewing from be r-

Only 34 per cent of Alaskans have hunted hig game in the past five years, according to a poll commissioned by the Alas-ka Wildlife Alliance Environmental group under 15 per cent of the state's residents now bunt, according to licences tracked by the Department of

> But nearly all of the state's residents actively pursue
> "wildlife watching," according
> to a fish and game poll.
> Applications for the 185
> available McNeil River bearviewing permits increased this year by about 25 per cent to over 2,000, said fish and game

spokesman Bruce Bartley.

Fish and Game.

That was despite a price hike doubling the application fee to 20 and fees for the winner of permits to 100 for Alaskans and 250 for non-residents from last year's 40, he said.

Brooks Camp, base she for hear-watching in Katmai National Park, has also gained popularity.

Last year the park recorded 14,622 day-visits there, up from 6,396 in 1983, the Nation-

al Park Service said. "It's a wonderful place. There are few areas like it in the world, actually," said Rick Potts, Katmai's chief of natural

resources The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service plans to establish a bear-watching programme in Kodiak National Wildlife Refuge, where bears grow huge hy munching on plentiful red

In southeastern Alaska, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game and the U.S. Forest Service jointly manage a bearwatching programme in the Tongass National Forest. At Pack Creek, a bear-gathering area 50 km south of Juneau, human visits are limited to 24 a

And one guiding company in the town of Homer is charging 2,250 a week for boat tours that bring visitors to the bearpacked coastline of Katmai

change from hunting to watching. The Alaska Outdoor Council, an organisation of sport fishermen and hunters,

last spring passed a resolution

opposing new bear-watching

areas. In November, the Alaska hoard of game will consider a proposal to allow bear-hunting in the newly created game refuge that surrounds the sanctu-

The refuge was created hy the legislature in 1991 to compensate for an enhanced commercial fishery nearby, fed by a new salmon ladder that threatened to draw bears out of the safe zone.

The outdoor council and its supporters point out that hunting occurred in the area before it was declared a refuge, and

argue that the activity should he allowed to continue. State officials believe that up to three bears a year can be hunted in the refuge without adverse effects on the sanctu-ary, Mr. Bartley said. But bear fans fear that a

legal hunt there will target animals that have grown up without fear of humans. The problem is sometimes viewing and hunting don't mix," said Larry Aumiller, the

sanctuary's manager. The problem is even if they do reveri back to normal wariness, they don't come back. That bear wouldn't be here. Mr. Aumiller said, pointing at a small brownie that had calmly walked past the visitors. 'lt'd be in on a floor (as a rug)

in Oklahoma or somewhere.



Not everyhody lauds the Close-up of polar bear (File photo)

Businessman hears clink of money in ancient London jail

By Alan Baldwin Reuter

LONDON — Businessman Leon Andrews-Zannetou believes he has just the place for foreign visitors seeking to trace the steps of their English

It is damp, dimly-lit and underground.

Water seeps through narrow brick ventilation tunnels, filled with musty air and mournful

The doors of the house of detention, once known as Cler-kenwell Bridewell, creaked open this month as the newest of several "crime attractions" in the capital.

Founded in 1616, and once described as a Victorian clearing-house for crime, the huilding in its heyday housed tens of thousands of prisoners await-

ing trial.

Many convicts were subsequently deported to tar-flung colonies such as Australia and New Zealand under the harsb penal laws io force until the mid 19th century.

Now Andrews-Zannetou, a Greek Cypriot-born accountant who once owned the London dungeon south of the River Thames with its gory displays of torture and execution. is waiting for the deportees' descendants to return as tour-

Some have already been in touch.

"Last weekend an Australian lady came in," he said in an interview in his London office, the death mask and plaster hands of Albert Pierrepoint - England's last hangman — carefully arranged on a shelf behind his desk. "She said she couldn't wait

to get there to find out which cell her ancestor was kept in. he said

The names of many tens of thousands of prisoners are oo record, but only about 300 cells remain as a huilding above ground was knocked down in 1890 to make way for a school.

From 1848 to 1878 the building was the busiest jail in London and the surrounding area a slum. Charles Dickens ser much of his novel "Oliver Twist" in nearby Saffron Hill.

Jordan Times

"In Clerkenwell there is kitchens, remains intact and grovelling, starving poverty. In Clerkeowell broods the darparts of it served as a shelter kest of utter ignorance. In its lanes and alleys the lowest of

tury journalist in the illustrated London News Magazine. Andrews-Zannetou, wbo also founded the York dungeon and sees a deterrent and money - in exhibiting what more sensitive souls might consider of questionable

with the records of every in-"Anyooe, even if they don't visit, can phone a number and we will make a printout of the records of their ancestors on the assumption that they give us some details such as the name, address and where they used to be," he said.

taste, plans to load a computer

debauch," wrote a 19th cen-

"We will provide all the information about how long they spent there, what they ate, what they did."

The hasement, which in-cludes the old prison baths and

THE

BEST

during World War II air raids hy German bombers. Only 13 cells have been fully restored so far, revealing a

range of disturbing and badlyspelt graffiti. "Lord, save us from starvashun" pleads one line. "I was born in prison when my mother was doing a month for being drunk ... I expect to die

in prison," reads another. When Andrews-Zannetou first inspected the premises, he asked the caretaker of the nearby school to accompany him with his Alsatian. The dog

refused, so did the owner. The entrepreneur went alone, elasping a candle in each hand. "It wasn't very nice," he said succinctly.

His company, House of De-tention Ltd, was given a lease to run the cells as a tourist attraction and has completed the first part of the restoration and emharked on a second. If the venture is a success, he

TRIPS

MIDDLE EAST TOURS

TO CELEBRATE THE NEW YEAR JOIN US 5 DAYS IN

LEBANON

FROM 29/12/93 TO 02/01/94

PRICE INCLUDES:

- PLANE TICKET (ECONOMY CLASS)

PRICE JOD 240,- PER PERSON IN DBL ROOM

PRICE JOD 290,- PER PERSON IN SGL ROOM

- TRANSPORTATION TO & FROM AIRPORT

+ VISA FEES - SIGHT SEEING

4* HOTEL ON BED AND

李宗教等等等 安全年本

- ACCOMODATION IN CENTRAL 🖠

BREAKFAST BASIS + GUIDE

TEL; 683 494 FAX 652 305

FOR MORE INFO. CALL US AT

ground entertainment husiness overseas with similar crime attractions in German and French prisons. The vaults under the site of Paris' notorious Bastille are particularly enticing. Visitors to Clerkenwell are

plans to expand his under-

offered "the crime of your life" with some attractions that are clearly aimed at a younger and more ghoulish audience seeking thrills. Tools of torture lie on the

floor of one cell, a model of a cat-hurglar lurks in the gloom of another. A doom-laden voice intones solemnly to a background of eerie music. An exhibition on the methods of capital punishment

in use around the world is also

The entrepreneur does not intend to emulate the London

dungeon whose latest themed exhibition "the Jack the Ripper experience" uses mutilated dummies representing the Victorian murderer's female victims as a backdrop for a 20-minute sound and vision

Women's groups have criticised the Ripper show as the exploitation of murders for the entertainment of the public.

The "coming to life" of Pierrepoint — whose working elotbes and flat cap last week hung on a dummy in the corner of Andrews-Zannetou's office will be one of the main "attractions" at the House of Detention.

"We are going to have Pier-repoint just hasically talking, saying who be is going to execute," he said.

'There's nothing gruesome

VERY IMPORTANT

FIRAS AL-BOURINY TRADING EST. AMMAN - AL HASHIMI ST. TEL. 656770 Opposite Hashimeya Yard

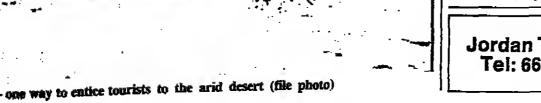
For all Philipino & **PhilipInas**



MALIGAYANG PASKO AT MANIGONG BAGONG TAON SA LAHAT NG PILIPINO AT PILIPINA KAYO AY INAANYAYAHAM NAMIN NA KUMUHA NG... HULUGAN SA MABA BANG... HALAGA LAMANG-BAGONG ALL MODELO NG SHARP & NATIONAL GOLD STAR... AT BUMABATI RIN KAMI SALAHAT NG PHILIPPINE EMBASSY MARAMING SALAMAT SA INYO

GoldStar+National+Sanyo

Tel.: 656770 Manager Mr. Tamimi



Top Chinese official

BELIING (R) — China wants to let most state-owned firms

manage themselves Western-

style, free of government dik-

tats, under economic reforms

that seek to regain falling mar-ket share, a top official has

But the reforms will stop

short of privatising most of the

firms, a shortcoming one eco-nomist said will make it hard

Wang Zhongyu, head of the State Economic and Trade Commission, told the People's

Daily state-sector reform

would introduce "the most

basic and most important ele-

ment of competition in our

His lengthy question-and-answer session with People's Daily elaborated on a major

policy document issued by the

Communist Party a week ago.
"In the old planning system,

the whole country was one big

firm and every company was a

factory or workshop of this big firm," Mr. Wang said.

would become more responsi-

ble for profits and losses, and

less fettered by government control, he said.

The government would reg-ulate the economy by indirect

means, rather than by diktat

from central planners in Beij-

ing, he explained. China's lumbering state

companies, which employ hun-dreds of millions and depend

on huge subsidies, are a huge hurdle to Beijing's attempts to

set its economy on a free mar-

ket course.

With the reforms, state firms

for liberalisation to work.

explains reform policy

Arab Gulf states set up more firms in industrial drive

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Wealthy Gulf Arab states have set up hundreds of new companies as part of their industrialisation drive to lessen reliance on unstable oil earnings, an official

report has said. Despite the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait, some 245 companies were established in 1991 with investments of \$1.09 billion and another 95 firms were set up in 1992 with investments of \$656 million, said the report by the Gulf Organisation for In-

dustrial Consultancy (GOIC). Until 1992, the six Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states have invested more than \$37 billion in such non-oil industries as chemicals, food. metals, paper, cement, clothes. and textiles and other light

"GCC states have stepped up efforts to develop their nonoil industries to lessen dependence on the oil sector, which is characterised with sharp fluctuations in prices and re-venues," the Doha-based group said.

Graphics published in the report showed the share of the non-oil industrial sector in the gross domestic product (GDP) jumped to around 11.5 per cent in 1992 from seven per

Kuwaii, Bahrain, Oman, Qatar, Kuwaii and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) — have used the oil wealth of finance industralisation. But oil still provides more than 80 per cent of their income as industries have remained restricted to light products and their farm and tonrism potential is li-

GOIC said several industrial projects were underway in the GCC while others were on the cards. They include a steel plant in the UAE with a production capacity of between 700,000 and 800,000 tonnes a year and an ethyline plant with a capacity of 300,000 tonnes a

includes boosting steel output by 650,000 tonnes.

Major heralds overhaul of **British welfare state**

LONDON (R) - Prime Minister John Major, heralding an overhaul of Britain's trend-setting welfare state, Fri-

'pay-your-own-way" system.
With the social security budget now taking up more than 30 per cent of government expenditure and the pensioner population set to soar in the 21st century, Mr. Major, 50, warned that one of the cornerstones of British life was ripe

The message from Mr. Ma-jor and right-wing Social: Security Minister Peter Lilley was a blunt one - Britain had to cut spending to stop falling

further into a debt trap.
"It is something that is occurring right the way across the Western world. Europe and beyond Europe. The costs of many aspects of welfare are outstripping economic growth," Mr. Major said.

maintain the welfare state is to make sure that we concentrate wealth where it really needs to be," he told reporters.

The welfare state has been a major plank of British society since the national insurance act was passed just after World War II and set out a model that

other countries have followed. Britons currently enjoy free or low-cost medical treatment from a national health service and other state benefits include Official figures obtained by AFP showed GCC states have 4,000 factories, with around 10,000 products. Non-oil industrial exports have steadily risen over the past decade, reaching around \$8 billion in

GCC states — Saudi Arabia,

In Saudi Arabia, large funds have been pumped to expand the petrocbemical sector and moré expansions are planned with the participation of the private sector. Another project

people who believe you can

pickle the whole system, not change it," he told British Broadcasting Corporation

He warned that Britain's

welfare system "could become

overblown and collapse under

its own weight. Sweden has seen that problem and they are

having to rein back dramatical-

ly on the overblown provisions

Opposition politicians

radio Friday.

they have made."

Tuesday.

lion (\$75 billion).

and invalidity payments. Mr. Lilley warned that the welfare state could collapse and urged people to make day backed calls for a more more pension provisions for themselves, "I condemn the formaldebyde tendency, the

Speaking to young Con-servatives the previous night, he said: "In the future welfare society which we are building, creasing share of provision will be made by individuals, famihes and companies."

"What we need to do to

child support, unemployment

Tunisia cuts olive oil prices

TUNIS (R) - The Tunisian anthorities cut the local retail price of olive oil by 20 per cent Saturday in an attempt to stimulate demand and cut im-

ports of other oils. Tunisia, the world's second largest exporter and fourth largest producer, has accumulated vast stocks of olive oil and is having trouble selling them because of overproduction in the European Community (EC), the main market for its exports.

An official statement said the new retail price for a litre of bottled extra fine Olive oil was 1.6 dinars (\$1.60), down from two dinars (\$2,00). Prices for low grade oil prices have been reduced by the same pro-

Olive oil is still three times more expensive than other vegetable oils but officials say they hope the price cut will raise domestic olive oil consumption to 75,000 tonnes a year from 50,000 tonnes.

European airlines still taxi towards alliances

AMSTERDAM (R) — Europe's airlines may not again dream up a plan as ambitious as a four-way merger which crashed last week but they must still forge ties and cut costs before the 1990s are ont, aviation analysts have

"It's inevitable that we will see a continued push for alliances and mergers, probably within the next six months," said James Halstead, aviation analyst at Swiss Bank in London.

Austrian Airlines, KLM Royal Dutch Airlines, Swissair and Scandinavian Airlines System (SAS) last Sunday aborted plans to create Alcazar, a giant, low-cost European air-laine to rival U.S. and Far Eastern carriers. The project was named after a Spanish fortress with four towers.

Now aviation experts say European carriers are more likely to seek loose alliances than full mergers.

"Concentration will be slower," said Cees Haasnoot of brokers Kempen and Co." Merger enthusiasm fades the more unsuccessful attempts you see."

Alcazar was KLM's third bid to merge its way into a stronger position. Talks with British Airways PLC (B.A.) failed last year and negotiations with Bel-gium's Sabena foundered before that.

But as KLM said Sunday. liberalisation of the European aviation market seems farther off than some had expected. Austrian Airlines and Deutsche Lufthansa A.G. are already talking and Swissair has a range of choices.

European governments are becoming less willing at a time of recession to end all protectionist measures and let flag carriers fly into a completely

free market, analysts say.
"You'll only get real liberalisation in 1997," said Mr. Haasnoot. Then the going gets really tough as big U.S. rivals will be able to fly freely in

Europe.

dangerous it will get," said Mr.

Analaysts say time is tight for financially weaker airlines, in particular SAS. One option is for northern Europe to divide into a Germanic axis around Lufthansa, Austrian and maybe Swissair and a Dutch-Scandinavian flank formed by KLM and SAS. "SAS will clearly be pushing for more talks to find a Euro-

pean partner with a central European location," said Guy Keckwick at Lehman Brother in London.

A Scandinavian-Dutch link would not face a dispute on U.S. partnerships which was what wrecked Alcazar. SAS only has a loose link with con-tinental airlines and not be likely to ask KLM to surrender its affiliation with Northwest

Airlines. But KLM might not be interested — and in any case such a link would not yield the same cost reductions as

North Korea opens door for foreign banks and exporters' bills and accept

TOKYO (R) — Cash-strapped North Korea published Friday the next of a new law permit-ting the establishment of foreign and joint venture banks in the long-reclusive Stalinist

state. The official Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) said the 32-article law on foreigninvested banks bad been adopted Wednesday by the standing committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, the nation's rubber-stamp parlia-

The law comes 13 months after promulgation of the nation's first law on foreign investment, directed in particular at high technology indus-

But few, if any, overseas firms have rushed to invest in North Korea in the intervening period, which bas been dominated by a crisis over the North's suspected nuclear weapons plans, a short period of "semi-war" with South Korea and then a ban on foreign visitors.

Despite fierce tensions on the divided peninsula, it is clear technocrats within the administration are trying 10 open up and modernise a stumbling, centrally planned economy hard hit by the collapse of the Soviet Bloc and

the end of vital barter trade

arrangements. Western intelligence reports and recent foreign visitors to North Korea have described widespread and persistent power cuts and worsening food supply. Failure to allay fears over its nuclear ambitions could lay Pyongyang open to economic sanctions.

The new law is designed to encourage a huge injection of foreign capital into an economy fuelled, just barely, by the proceeds of Korean-owned pinball parlours in Japan.

According to KCNA, seen in Tokyo, it says a foreign investor may establish and operate joint venture banks, foreign banks and branches of foreign banks in Nnrth Korea,

but only in the free economic and trade zone being set up along the Tumen River at the country's northern border with

China and Russia, It says foreign banks shall have ownership over their banking property and shall be independent in thier management, and management of foreign-invested banks shall be subjected to the relevant laws and regulations.

To set up a foreign-invested bank, one must apply to the central bank in Pyongyang, de-claring the name of the bank, the name and life history of its chief, the capital to be registered, paid-up capital, man-agement fund, investment rate and details of business.

The law stipulates that such a bank may deposit foreign currencies of foreign-invested enterprises, foreign enterprises or foreigners, invest in foreign currencies, give guarantees in case of foreign currency liabilities and defaulting of contract obligations, clear importers'

securities in foreign currencies.

On the question of risk, "a foreign-invested bank shall be dissolved when it cannot continue its operation due to such reasons as the expiry of terms approved, merger of the panks, insolvency, defaulting of the contract and natural calamities", the new law says.

The text sets out the preferential treatment a foreigninvested bank can look forward to in North Korea.

"In case the term of business is longer than 10 years, the corporation tax shall be exempted for the first profitmaking year and shall be reduced by up to 50 per cent for the succeeding two years," it

"The income accruing from the banking business and the residual fund, if any, left over after the liquidation of the bank may, subject to the laws and regulations on foreign exchange, be remitted abroad without a tax," it concluded.

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY NOVEMBER 28, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation GENERAL TENDENCIES: The Full Moon in Gemini is

accompanied by the Lunar Eclips setting the stage for a very busy period to come. Try to resolve any differences that have been on hold or problems that you feel are holding you back.

ARIES: (March 21 10 April 19) You can look deeply into what-ever your activities are at present and come up with some well rounded ideas on how to handle them, so consider them well.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Matters of a public interest to you, practical as well as more theoretical can be mulled over and over until you come 10 the common sense answers.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You can consider all aspects of the duties that you have assumed and come to an intelligent means by which to solve and make them

work in your behalf. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Usually and inexpensive pleasures are the best way for you to enjoy yourself and have a good time today and do so with congenial commrades.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Don't let your temper get the best of you or show any irritability at home this day eventhough you may be sorely tempted to do so at loved ones.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) A very good day for you to concentrate upon where and

ingredient
s5 L amour
56 Incredible
62 Gram starter
63 Con — (zesty)
64 More factual
65 What's for

dinner 66 Dead Sea region 87 Metric measure.

DOWN

1 Fair 2 Ballerma si 3 Coup d'—

mass unemployment."
Thus, last week's policy document called for sole state control of firms making weapons and other special products, a controlling interest in firms in core sectors, while other firms can be turned into. corporate groups.

With market-share falling,

The official Economic Daily

reported Wednesday that in-

dustrial output by state-owned firms fell in the first 10 months

of 1993 to 53.2 per cent of all

China's output, against 60.2

per cent last year. Its rate of growth was less than half that of industry in General. In October, 37.8 per cent of

state firms lost money, with losses amounting to 27 billion yuan (\$4.7 billion).

The new aim is for state

firms to become legal entities,

with responsibility for pha-ning, profits and the use of company assets — although the assets themselves will still

be owned by the state. While bold in Chinese

cautious one. One Western di-

plomat said the government does not want the mass upon-

ployment that resulted from.

the shock privatisations of

"The biggest threat to com-

munist rule comes from urban

unrest." he said. "This means.

that reform of state firms must

be done gradually to avoid

eastern Europe.

terms, the approach is still a 4

their inefficient management is clearly not keeping pace with the rest of China's booming

economy.

HOROSCOPE

how you can make your life operate on a more satisfying plan from a spiritual standpoint.

LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-ber 22) Your mind keeps thinking and rethinking about your present financial position which is all right so long you don't take any definite action today.

SCORPIO: (Octuber 23 to November 21) A good day for introspection and for deciding what you will do to be more in accord with the best plan of action your realize was sense as action your realise you can follow.

SAGITTARIUS: (November, 22 to December 21) This is your day to get rid of accumumlated chores that require your own personal attention to free for some important oncoming use of your time.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) The little thoughtfulness that you can do to prove you a good friend and make those

you know happy can bring you rich returns today. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) There are many outside duties or interests to which you can attract your atten-

tion and make progress in the world in the world outside activity today. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Preoccupation with any spir-itual or mental subjects in which you engage can bring some very desirable answers that can be

helpful in your future.

Malaysia to create an Islamic capital market

KUALA LUMPUR (AFP) -Malaysia is to create an Islamic capital market to complete its plans for a fully-fledged Islamic financial system that will operate alongside a conven-

reacted angrily to Mr. Lilley's speech, saying it proved the government was planning sizeable cuts when details of the tional system, a central bank adviser bas said. budget for the coming year are "We want to create a dual ontlined in parliament next financial system, namely an Islamic financial system that The government faces a pubcomprises an Islamic banking lic sector borrowing gap that now stands at around £50 bilsystem and an Islamic capital market operating parallel to the conventional system," said Nor Mohammad Yakcop. Labour spokesman Donald Dewar said Mr. Lilley was in adviser of Bank Negara, the danger of turning the welfare state into a stigma-ridden "second-rate safety net."

central bank. A banking system based on Islamic principles was already in place while an Islamic money market would soon be implemented in Malaysia, Mr. Nor Mobammad told an interr ional conference on trade .d investment in Malaysia.

The next step would be to focus on the capital market to create a similar dual system, he The Muslim banking practice of sharing profits with depositors in lieu of interest bas

been adopted by most commercial banks in Malaysia. Islam prohibits acceptance of direct interest payments on deposits. Under Muslim bank-

ing practice, bankers sidestep the prohibition by using term

Depositors receive a share of profits earned after their money has been lent by banks to Islam-sanctioned

We want the Malaysian Muslims to benefit from the services of a modern and efficient financial system, without having to compromise their religious principles," Mr. Nor Mohammad said.

It would make good economic sense to implement Islamic principles in the Malaysian capital market, given that Muslims made up more than balf of Malaysia's 18 million population and a substantial percen-

tage of the world population. be said.

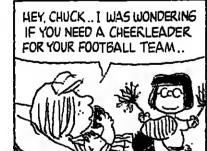
The move would make Malaysia the only country in the world with a dual financial system, be said. Islamic financial products

lims alone, but would be available to non-Muslims as well. Islamic banking in Malaysia was pioneered by the country's sole Islamic bank, Bank Islam Malaysia, set up in 1983.

would not be limited to Mus-

To date the country also has an Islamic units trust. Islamic government securities and Islamic corporate bonds, and is soon to set up an Islamic broking company.

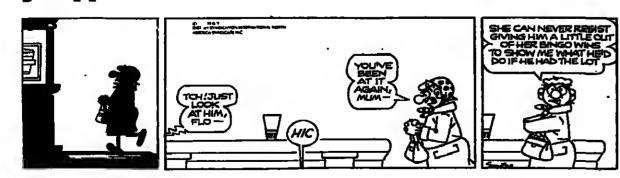
Peanuts







Andy Capp

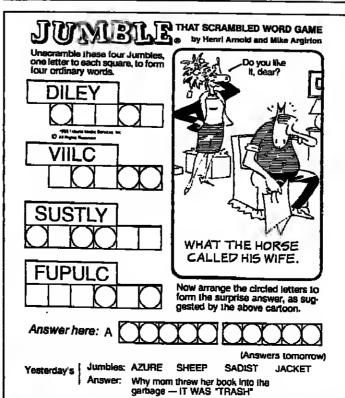


Mutt'n'Jeff

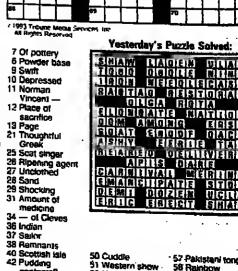




"I know you don't care for flowers. Stanley, so I brought you a bouquet of junk food!"







58 Rainbow 59 Gourage 60 Wife of Zays 61 Deuge beater

هجم التداول في السوق النظامي (مليون دينار)

Morocco offers new incentives for oil search

RABAT (R) - Morocco has revised its petroleum explora-tion legislation to give foreign operators more attractive incentives, the energy and mines ministry has said.

Marie Walker

1.1

The new law to be promuigated soon replaces legislanon adopted in 1958 and is designed to "give new impetus to petroleum prospection... and make its legislation more attractive," the ministry said in a statement.

Prospection permits are reduced in size from 5,000 to 2.000 square kilometres and the duration of concessions

from 15 to eight years.

Among incentives offered are tax waivers and a reduction from 50 to 35 per cent of the state's share of production in the event of a discovery.

New tax benefits include exemption from petroleum tax for three years from the start of regular production, and exemption from concession rights on the first 30 million barrels produced.

It offers foreign operators

COMPANY IN MARKE

two options to deduct 200 per cent of all prospection and survey costs from corporate tax which at present is 40 per cent of profits.

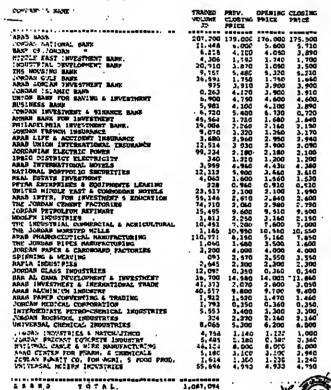
Under the first option, costs can be deducted during the first three years after publication of the new law for permits and concessions awarded before publication.
Under the second option.

during the first ten years after publication, holders of concessions and permits awarded after publication can deduct costs over a maximum of four

About \$500 million was invested in petroleum prospection in Morocco in the ten years up to 1991, of which 40 per cent by private enterprises and the rest by the state.

Four foreign oil companies are currently active in Moroc-co: Texaco of Houston and ARCO of Plano in Texas. Royal Dutch Shell of the Netherlands and AGIP of

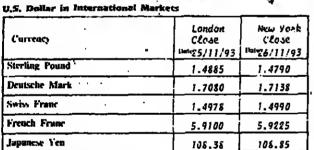
AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET MOUSING BANK CENTER ANDAS - REDEISANI TELEPHORE: 660:70 / 660170 CRCANITEC MAPRET SERIE FRICE LIST FOR SATURDAY 27'1:/:991



Financial Markets

European Curreny Unit

Jordan Times in co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank



1.1273**

(40 Per STI. Peroposi Opesing of 2.00 a.m. EmpoGuerrancy Interest Ri	Date: 26/11/1993				
Corrency	I MTH	3 MTHS	o MTHS	12 MTHS	
U.S. Dollar	2.98	3, 37	5.31	3.92	
Sterling Pound	5.25	5.22	5.25	5.19	
Deutsche Mark	6.25	6-06	5.75	5.31	
Swim Franc	4.43	1.43	4.12	3.75	
French Franc	6.69	6.50	6.13	5.75	
Japanese Yen	2.37	2,05	2.06	2.00	
European Currency Unit	6.75	6.62	6.43	5.93	

Precious I	Hetnis .			Date: 26/11/1993		
Metal	USD-Oz	JD Gm	Metal	USD/Oz	· JD/Gm	
Gold	377.05	7.40	Silver	4.67	0.100	

of his years for animant's exercising 1 . Nothers 1,000,000 or equive

Control Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Sumetin Date: 27/11/1				
Currency	Bid	Offer		
U.S. Dollar	2.7010	0.7030		
Sterling Pound	1.0357	1.0409		
Destroke Mark	0.4086	0.4106		
Sola Franc	0.4672	0.4695		
French Franc	0.1182	0.1158		
Japanee Yen	0.6429	0.6461		
Dutch Guilder	0.3641	0.3659		
hwedish Krome	****	****		
Dallan Lira	0.0414	0.0416		
Beleian Franc	****	****		

Beiging Franc	****	*****		
Per Per Deher Currencies	Date: 27/11/1995			
Carrency	Bid	Offer		
Rahreini Dipar	1.8300	1.8630		
Schwing Ciru:	0.040325	0.041455		
Seadi Rissi	0.1816	0.1882		
Kapali Dinar	2.2200	2.3100		
Option Colored	0.1895	0.1919		
Expeller Person	0.2050	0.2220		
Omini Rhal	1.7800	1.8230		
l 4k Dirham	0.1895	0.1919		
Greek Dischess	0.2875	0.3235		
C)print Pound	1.3385	2145		

January-September AFM trading is 40.5% higher than first 9 months of '92

The volume of trading in

shares of service companies

was about JD 92 million this

year, compared to JD 87.9

million during 1992. But the

number of traded shares was

higher last year, totalling 66.5

million compared to 42.4 mil-

lion shares which changed hands in the first nine mooths

of this year. The number of contracts was 46,695 (43,912 in

Although the number of in-

dustrial shares traded in the

first nine months of this year

was 102.6 million (114.9 mil-

lion in '92), the volume was the

highest of all sectors at JD

460.2 million (JD 359.8 million

in '92) spread over 133,732 contrast (133,632 contracts in

As such, trading in industrial shares accounted for 48 per

cent of the total while trading

in banks and finance shares

accounted for 30 per cent, fol-

lowed by shares of service

companies at 20.3 per cent and

insurance shares at 1.7 per

Overall share trading for the

months of August and September 1993 was 45 per cent and 58

per cent below the number of

shares traded in the same

months of last year respec-

tively. The numbers were 12.7

million shares (23.3 million

By Samir Shafiq Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Although share trading at the Amman Finan-cial Market (AFM) declined sharply during August and September, trading during the first nine months of this year totalled JD 820.2 million, 40.5 per cent over the same period of last year.

According to the AFM's Monthly Statistical Bulletin, share trading during the January-September period of 1992 amounted to JD 583.4 million, achieved through a turnover of nearly 240 million shares spread over 232,460 contracts. Turnover during the first nine months of 1993 was 212.3 million shares, spread over

254,642 contracts. Banks and finance sector registered trading of 59.6 million shares, valued at JD 239.4 million and conducted through 64,857 contracts. The 1992, trading over the 9-month period covered 52.9 million shares, with JD 121.7 million.

and involved 47,997 contracts. The insurance sector recorded trading of 7.7 million shares, valued at JD 28.7 milhon and conducted through 9,358 contracts. In 1992, trading from January until the end of September covered 5.6 million shares, worth JD 14 milhon, and involved 7,189 conshares in 1992) and 15.9 million shares (38.5 million shares in 1992 respectively.

The volume of trading in August 1993 was JD 49.4 million, down from JD 56.6 million in 1992. The volume in September 1993 was 54.3 million while the volume in September 1992 was JD 95.3 mil-

The low activity during August and September was also reflected in the average daily trading volume where the amounts were ID 2.4 million and ID 2.6 million respecmillion and JD 2.6 million respectively. The average number of shares traded on a dailay basis was 603,180 shares in August and 755,974 shares in September 1993. The figures for both months of last year were JD 2.5 million and JD 4.5 million and the number of shares were 1.1 million and 1.8

shares were 1.1 million and 1.8

The sharp decline was manifested more clearly when the trad-ing volume and number of shares when the trading volume and num-ber of of shares in both months were compared to the preceding months of June and July 1993. In those months, the average daily volume was JD 9 million and JD 7 million while the number of shares traded was 1.9 and 1.7 - shares

The share price index weighed by market capitalisation closed at 159.3 points at the end of September after having peaked at 168.4 points at the end of June 1993. The share price index for the banks and finance sector rose steadily from 124.5 points in January 160.5 points at the end of June. The index dipped to 151.3 in Au-

Only

VALUE TRADED AT THE ORGANIZED MARKET (JD million) 160-140-100 JAN کترن OCT

gust but rose again to 160.2 at the end of September. The share price index for the insurance sector climbed from 161.6 points at the beginning of the year, peaked at 172.5 in June and then slid to 159.7 at the end of

The peak of the price index for the service shares was 169.6 re-corded in June but the September

close was 148.4 points. The industrial sector recorded a September closing price index of 160.7, after having peaked at 179.6

Correction

The story entitled "Credits extended by banks in Jordan exceed JD 2,578m," which appeared in Saturday's (Nov. 27) issue of the Jordan Times, should have stated that although the credit amount was the highest ever, it constituted on actual credit/deposits ratio of 43.6, by far lower than the maximum ratio of 70 allowed by the CBJ. The article erroneously gave the ratio as 436.

THE PROFESSIONALS ALWAYS CHOOSE THE RELIABLE

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING; DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES, CUSTOMS CLEARANCE, TICKETS AND, RESERVATIONS.

AMIN KAWAR & SONS TEL 604676 604696 P.O.BOX 7806

Rozena Restaurant

Round table for 12-18

guests. Open 7 days a week

2nd circle - Jabal Amman,

Open air terrace.

Tel 613572

The Inn Place to be..



CABEE

homely and intimate

Tel. 630571 Fax, 630572

CHEN'S

The Best Many furnished and unfurnished villas apartments for rent. Abdoun Real

Estate Tel. No. 810605/810609 Fax No. 810520





unch Dinner Teno & Satellin Entertainment he Latest

DANZA5 INTERNATIONAL DOOR TO DOOR REMOVALS GERMAN DRIVERS - AIR - RIDDEN REMOVAL TRUCKS YOUR REGULAR LINK TO AND FROM EUROPE SPECIALISTS FOR DIPLOMATIC REMOVALS IN THE NEAR EAST

FOR DETAILED INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT

EASTERN SERVICES OFFICIAL DANZAS AGENT IN JORDAN TEL: 621 775 TLX: 23023 FAX: 656 270 PEACE BUILDING - JABAL LWEIBDEH

AMMAN - JORDAN





Last

Malaysian specialities

3

A Restaurant With

Chinese, Thai, Philipino, Indonisian &

World wide programmes VIA satellite

Five branches all over the world and now one

6 Buhturi Street 2 nd carcle , Jabal Ammao Opposite French Loaf Tel 653482

CHINESE RESTAURANT Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only Tel: 818214 Come and taste our specialities Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

6:30 - Midnight

RESTAURANT & GARDEN

Hours: (2 Noon 12 Midnight

The Best Oriental Front in Town



Benita

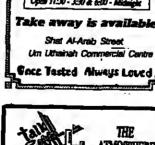
Restaurant & Tapes

Lunch & Dinner

Jebel Amman, 3rd circle

Tel. 61 50.61

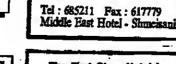






TALK OF THE TOWN DISCOTHEQUE Open alghby From 9,50 P.M to 3,50 A.M Except Sunday From £00 P.M to 1.00 A.M

Tuesday Closed Tel: 685211 Fax: 617779





DAROTEL حاراوتيل

Telex 23888 DAROTL JO ideal Residence For Expatriates and Businessmen



AURANT CH

The first & best

Chinese Restaurant

in Jordan

1st Circle, Jabal Amman, near

NIGHTLY___

Fine Dining

and

Live Music

Parole



Best Pizzas & Sandwiches

Jordan Times'

JORDAN MARKET PLACE

Kashmer Restaurant FIRST CLASS INDIAN An Artistic Ambiance Restaurant Special Executive Luncheons

available

Take away service

Open Daily 12.30-3.30 pm Uter the Philadelphia Hotel Towards 3rd circle Tel.659519 659520

STUDIO HAIG Professional Quality in 1 Hour Service

our shop and get:-* JUMBO photo size 30% larger * Free enlarge-

Develop your colour film at

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891

ment 20 x 30 cm

Amman - Tel. 668193 P.O.Box 9403 - Fax 602434

Yeltsin aide slams allies for back-tracking on reforms

MOSCOW (R) — Russian reform chief Yegor Gaidar Saturday criticised governmentcolleagues for back-tracking on the radical economic measures they had helped implement and accused them of playing

"purely political games."

Mr. Gaidar, head of the Russia's Choice electoral bloc, said in the northern mining town of Vorkuta that Deputy Prime Minister Alexander Shokhin and former Foreign Trade Minister Sergei Glazyev were wrong to attack the re-

"When people distance themselves from what they had been doing for two years it is simply not right," local jour-nalists quoted him as saying.

Mr. Shokhin, for long one of the most reform-minded ministers, is a leader of the moderate Party of Unity and Accord (PRES) and has called several times for the reforms to be slowed down.

Mr. Glazyev, who resigned two months ago and is now a leader of the centrist Democratic Party of Russia, Friday accused the government of ruining Russia and impoverishing

Labour Minister Gennady Melikyan, like Mr. Shokhin a member of PRES, criticised the government's tough monetary line aimed at fighting inflation and curbing money

supply.

Mr. Gaidar dismissed the criticisms, accusing his col-leagues of playing "purely poli-

tical games."

Ministers are standing for three different parties in the Dec. 12 election for a new parliament and the rivalries have put some strain on the government of President Boris

Many Russians complain the country has descended into anarchy since the government introduced radical economic reforms almost two years ago. Soaring inflation has wiped out savings, corruption is rampant and the economy is still in

Mr. Gaidar, in Vorkuta for talks with miner's leaders, said afterwards he hoped a

threatened strike could be

Miners in Vorkuta and in western Siberia's major Kuzbass Field say they have not been paid for months and have threatened to strike from Dec. 1. They also want compensa-tion for the planned closure of inefficient pits.

"I hope we will be able to avert the strike," said Mr. Gaidar, anxious to avert a stoppage ahead of the elections which miners have threatened to boycott if their demands are

A miners' strike in 1989 brought the Russian economy to its knees and won big concessions for hard-hit miners. A second major strike, in 1991, paved the way to the end of the centralised Soviet economic system.
With just two weeks to go to

the elections, party leaders are battling ever more fiercely for

PRES leader Sergei Shakhrai Saturday praised the former Soviet Communist Par-

officials said here Saturday.

The U.S. State Department

has come to the assessment

that extending the sanctions

does not "advance" the Amer-

ican nonproliferation objec-

tives in South Asia, a Pakistani

Foreign Ministry spokesman

Pakistan welcomes the

assessment, the spokesman said, adding that the new gov-

ernment had "persuasively" taken this position with the U.S. administration.

American economic and

military assistance to Islama-

bad was suspended in 1990

under the Pressler Amend-

ment, a U.S. law that bars aid

to countries pursuing a weapoo-orieotated onclear

its nuclear programme is en-tirely peaceful, has consistently

called for a regional nonprolif-

cration agreement, with its riv-

al India being a party to such

an arrangement.
The Pakistani spokesman

said, after discussions with a

U.S. State Department offi-cial, that the U.S. Congress,

during upcoming consideration

of the new Foreign Assistance

Act, would determine whether

there should be any adjust-

ment in the "proliferation lan-guage" specific to Pakistan.

Pakistan, maintaining that

ty for its ability to maintain order, RIA news agency said. Mr. Shakhrai told a meeting in the eastern Siberian city of Irkutsk that Russian politicians should make use of the Communists' positive achieve-

"We should return predictability, responsibility and control to the sphere of politics," RIA quoted Mr. Shakhrai as

saying.

Gaidar himself Monday suggested the government should take a leaf out of the book of the Soviet Communists and launch a mass propaganda campaign to encourage people to vote for a new draft constitution.

The Soviet Communist Party's ruling organisations were banned in the wake of an abortive hardline coup in 1991. Since then Mr. Yeltsin has tried hard to eradicate communism and its influence hat the party still enjoys some popularity and is tipped to win around 10 per cent of the vote

Bosnian Serb soldiers carry freewood on a stretcher to the frontline in Brcko, northern Bosnia

Bosnian Serbs release aid convoys

SARAJEVO (R) — Bosnian Serbs allowed stalled U.N. aid convoys to head for Sarajevo and the Muslim enclave of Srehrenica in eastern Bosnia

with vital supplies Saturday.
Lyndall Sachs. a spokeswoman in Belgrade for the
United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said the convoys were waved across the Bosnian border with Serbia after being refused ac-

cess Friday.
The Srebrenica convoy was carrying building materials for homes to shelter some of the 50,000 Muslims surrounded hy Serbs in the freezing mountain settlement.

Five trucks in the Sarajevo convoy were taking fuel to the Bosnian capital, which has been under Serh siege throughout the Bosnian civil war

erupting in April 1992. The UNHCR has been making a big push to get winter aid to almost three million victims of the war after Muslim, Serb and Croat political leaders agreed to stop harassing the

U.N. spokesmen said they were still meeting some ob-struction by Serbs and Croats which prevented the movement of any aid in central Bosnia Saturday.

U.N. peacekeepers spokesman Bill Aikman linked the continuing problems with the resumption of peace talks between the warring sides in Geneva Monday and added: 'Draw your own conclusions.' Bosnian Serb leader Rado-

van Karadzic has insisted he will not accede in Geneva to Muslim demands for more territory unless sanctions against Serhia for its support for Bosnian Serbs were lifted. He said he would have no

ohiection to the emergence of a Muslim state in Bosnia hut urged the Muslims to moderate their claims for more land.

The European Community has suggested the gradual sus-pension of sanctions imposed on Serhia for its role in the war in Bosnia if the Serbs hand over more territory to the Mus-lims under a plan to divide Bosnia into three ethnic states.

"Under no circumstances will we allow the results of our struggle to be ruined by the European union's. (European Community) ultimatum for additional concessions to the Muslims," Mr. Karadzic said in an interview published by the Yugoslav newspaper Dnevnik.

"The unjust sanctions forced on the Serhian people must be lifted at once if a fair and lasting peace is to be expected

in Geneva.' Serbs are waging a diplomatic campaign to influence the timetable for lifting sanctions imposed after Belgrade provided men, money and munitions to help Bosnian Serbs seize around 70 per cent of Bosnia after it declared independence. Croat forces in Mostar have

intensified attacks on two makeshift hridges spanning the Neretva River in an attempt to cut off about 5,000 Muslims surviving on the west hank of the Bosnian town.

Bosnian army commander Suleiman Budakovic said Croat sniping and shelling was so deadly that civilian traffic across the flimsy bridges had been hanned in daylight. "Our remaining bridges are

under constant attack from Croat forces," Commander Budakovic, head of the Fourth Corps of the Muslim-led army, told Reuters.

"The Croat goal is to cut the link between east and west Mostar and ethnically cleanse the Muslims who live on the west bank. But our defence lines are strong. They will never succeed."

More than 50,000 Muslims, many of them refugees, are sandwiched between Serh and Croat forces in the Mostar area, most of them on the east bank of the Neretva. Hundreds of Muslim soldiers

and a few thousand civilians are holding out on the Neret-va's west bank, where buildings bave been reduced to rub-hle by months of mortar and artillery fire.

Pakistan opposition flays Bhutto over Kashmir talks with India

ISLAMABAD. (AFP) -Pakistan's main opposition party accused Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto Saturday of staging a retreat from the national stand hy accepting a proposal for dialogue with India on Kashmir.

The United Nations must be included as a party in any talks on Kashmir which is "an international issue," former Prime Minister and president of the main opposition Pakistan Muslim League (PML) said in a

The Indian and Pakistani governments said Wednesday they would hold talks in January at foreign minister level in Islamabad under the 1972 bi-. lateral Simla Pact.

The talks will cover "all aspects" of the Kashmir dispute. Now more than four decades old and which led to two wars between the countries. Mr. Sharif said the Bhutto

Pakistan's long-standing policy" on Kashmir. mir should have "only one point. Focussing on fixation of a date for a plebiscite for the Kashmiris under the supervision of the United Nations,"

government had "reversed

"Kashmiris have been fighting for their right of self-deter-

and therefore the present government should not give any

concession to India. The resolutions adopted by the U.N. after the first India-Pakistan war in 1948 call for a plebisicte in Kashmir to enable its people to choose be-tween union with either Pakistan or India.

A third option — for independence - is advocated by a segment of Kashmiris, represented mainly by Jammu and Kashmir Liheration Front (JKLF), one of the militant groups battling the Indian forces in Kashmir.

More than 7,000 people have died in the Indian-controlled southern two thirds of Kashmir since early 1990 in violence linked to the fouryear old separatist campaign

New Delhi accuses Pakistan of fueling the Muslim revolt with arms and training to the militants, a charge denied by Islamabad which says it gives only moral and political support for a "legitimate self-de-

termination struggle." In a separate development, Pakistan, encouraged by signals from Washington, is hopeful that sanctions the United States placed on it because of its nuclear policy will be lifted,

N. Ireland politician prompts ceasefire speculation

LONDON (R) — A Northern Ireland unionist leader promp-ted speculation Saturday of a possible truce in sectarian vio-lence in the British-ruled province with a statement signalling an important development m the conflict,

James Molyneaux said Fri-day there could be "significant developments over the weekend with regard to the terrorist situation."

He advised the people of

Northern Ireland not to jump to conclusions but added that "outline clarification had been obtained and more detailed information should be available by the beginning of the

Later a senior member of his party said the move was not earth-shattering but "might get some of our grassroots suppor-ters upset."

Mr. Molyneaux said he had briefed his party's executive on the current situation.

Britain's Press Association news agency said Mr. Molyneaux's comments had led to mounting speculation that the IRA was about to announce a ceasefire or that Republican and Protestant extremists may end their tit-fortat killings.

British and Irisb leaders tried to reassure Northern Ireland's Protestants earlier this week that they had nothing to fear from peace talks aimed at

ending the bloodshed. British Prime Minister John Major and Irish Prime Minister Albert Reynolds have both been treading warily. Mr. Reynolds has held out the prospect of Ireland renouncing its claim to the North of the island while Mr. Major has said no one, not even Paisley, can veto the peace process.

Some S. African army leave cancelled

JOHANNESBURG (R) celled weekend leave for some units after a right-wing extremist leader told followers to prepare for civil war.

Army, spokesman Colonel John Rolt said the decision was taken in response to a volatile situation triggered by "aggressive statements" from a number of different quarters, which it was feared could disrupt law and order. Neo-Nazi leader Eugene

Terre Blanche, warning supporters of civil war, urged them Thursday night to steal guns and arm their women. African National Congress (ANC) Nelson Mandela pre-dicted in response that thousands of innocent whites would be killed if the white

right ignited civil war.

The precantionary measures is being taken to ensure sufficient troops are available should they be required to support the police," Col. Rolt said in a statement Friday might.

He said some units were affected by cancellation of weekend leave. He declined to give numbers or details but said it was on a "vastly" lower scale than might be expected under a general mobilisation.

A police spokesman said a man was found shot dead in the black township of Tokoza, east of Johanneshurg, Friday. A police patrol came under machinegun fire from four assailants in nearby Katlehong township Friday night but no

injuries were reported. President F.W. De Klerk, who also voiced concern over the threat by pro-apartheid rightists, signed a proclamation creating South Africa's first all-race government body, a senior government source said.

Power-sharing could start in the second week of December, government sources said. Both Mr. Mandela and Mr. De Klerk have stressed a need for political solutions to avoid

violence. Mr. Mandela said be had beld a oumber of meetings with right-wing leaders.

Law and Order Ministry spokesman Craig Kotze said police were investigating whether Mr. Terre Blanche's comments could be construed as criminal incitement. .

Mr. Mandela said the ANC was aware that the ultra-rightwing was preparing for war and had stockpiled considerable quantities of arms. He accused Mr. De Klerk's "lameduck" government of being incapable of dealing with the threat.

"We are trying everything within our means to avoid war. But if the ultra ring-wing tries to unleash a civil war, they will be crushed by the democratic forces," he said in a statement

"Terre Blanche predicted the ANC would win 70 to 80 per cent of the vote in South Africa's first all-race elections on April 27. This would result in war he added.

Taiwan ruling party wins local polls

TAIPEI (AFP) - The main opposition Democratic Prog-ressive Party (DPP) suffered an embarrassing defeat in Saturday's local elections in which it had hoasted of making substantial gains from the ruling Kuomintang (KMT). The DPP, which said it

would win 11 to 13 of the 23 contested seats in the polls for city mayors and county magistrates, won only six slots, one less than in the previous such elections in 1989. DPP Chairman Hus Hsin-

Liang conceded defeat hui refused to see the result as a "big sethack.' Mr. Hsu said he and more than 10 other DPP leading

members are to resign from

party posts Sunday to take responsibility for the defeat. The DPP had taken a 42 per cent vote share against KMT's 48 per cent, he said, adding that there was "no reason to be pessimistic about our future." Some 70.68 per cent of the 10.5 million eligible voters cast

their hallots. In similar polls in 1989, the DPP took 37.59 per cent against the KMT's 53.5 per

cent. But the KMT, which had feared defeat in its hardest hattle against the opposition, scored an unexpected victory by grahbing 15 of the contested 23 seats.

"It is a great accomplish-ment of the government's efforts pushing for greater democratisation given the peaceful and rational election process by our voters after an unprecedented heated campaign," said the KMT's James Soong. Taiwan governor and chairman of the Election Com-

The ruling party, which had fielded 19 nominees and endorsed eight others in the race.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Ukraine dismisses Russian threat

KIEV (R) - Ukrainian officials dismissed Russian threats to stop servicing former Soviet missiles on their territory as irresponsible and defended their parliament's stiff conditions for getting rid of nuclear weapons. Yuri Kostenko, head of a parliamentary commission which spent nearly a year examining the START-1 arms treaty before its conditional ratification, accused Russia of using the nuclear issue as an excuse to destabilise Urkaine. "Nuclear weapons are a factor in Ukraine's internal stability. It's hard to imagine an internal conflict here while there are nuclear weapons," he said. Russia's cabinet said earlier that the conditions attached to START-1 by Ukraine's parliament meant Russian maintenance of former Soviet warheads in Ukraine would constitute a violation of the 1968 nuclear Non-Proliferation

Cuban aide: Kennedy killing was plot

HAVANA (R) — A Cuban security official said in a television documentary shown Friday night that U.S. President John F. Kennedy's assassination was part of a wide-ranging conspiracy, and that he was fired on by two Cuban counter-revolutionaries and three Chicago gangsters. It was the first time Cuba has presented such a theory, entering the long-running controversy over the circumstances of Kennedy's death and offering a clear rebuff to past suggestions that Havana was implicated in the killing. The official Warren Commission probe into the assassination said the president was killed by a lone gunman, Lee Harvey Oswald, and that no evidence of a conspiracy could be found. But General Fabian Escalante Font, an Interior Ministry official, said Cuban investigations showed the plot against Kennedy was far-reaching. "In reality it was a conspiracy of national proportions in which many people knew what was going to happen, while others took charge of pulling the trigger," Gen. Escalante said. "According to investigations carried out, the shots fired in Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963 numbered four to five from various positions," he added. He said that "according to our investigations" people who participated in firing the shots included Leonard Patrick, David Yaras and Richard Gaines, whom he said were members of Chicago organised crime syndicates, and Cuban exiles Eladio Del Valle and Herminio Diaz Garcia.

Hitler planned U.S. pact

LONDON (AFP) — Adolf Hitler planned a secret pact with the United States, promising German assistance if President Franklin Roosevelt abandoned Britain, secret documents from World War II showed Saturday. Alarmed by the heavy cost of the German campaign in Russia in early 1942, and fearful of the growth of Japanese power, Germany was considering a volte face similar to the 1939 Nazi-Soviet Pact in which — after years of hostility — Hitler and Stalin pledged to refrain from aggression against each other. The hitherto secret material, dating from 1941-1942, was among 1,273 files released by the public records office last week as part of a new open government initiative. The Times newspaper reported that British intercepts of Portuguese diplomatic communications in May 1942 brought British wartime Premier Sir Winston Churchill a report warning that Germans feared Japanese expansion.

Indian troops attack Kashmiri militant stronghold

SRINAGAR, India (R) — The Indian army sealed off Sopore in a major operation Saturday to root out separatist militants who had been virtually controlling the Kashmir Valley town, officials said.

Residents said thousands of troops swept into the town of 100,000 people during the night in trucks and armoured personnel carriers.

Militants resisted, using automatic rifles and rocketpropelled grenades, the residents said by telephone.
Officials said at least eight militants were killed and five soldiers and a paramilitary trooper wounded in early

clashes during the pre-dawn operation. Militants said the toll was much higher. A spokesman for the Muslim fundamentalist Hezb-Ul-Mujahideen, the strongest militant group in Sopore, alleged that more than 50 people bad heen killed and that most of the victims were

unarmed civilians. Fire fighters in Srinagar. summer capital of largely Hin-dn India's only Muslim-majority state, reported at least four hlazes in Sopore but said communications had been cut in mid-morning and there was no further information. Reporters were not allowed

valley's important apple in-One group was turned hack

into the town, the centre of the

seven kilometres from Sopore by a paramilitary police officer who said it was too dangerous. "A war-like situation prevails," they quoted him as saying.

thousands of people had been gathered in open spaces for informers to look at and identify militants. Such "cordon and search" operations are common in

Kashmir, where police and

hospitals have reported more

By dawn residents said

than 13,000 deaths in a revolt against Indian rule that erupted four years ago. Captured militants turned informers, known as cats from the hoods they wear leaving only their eyes visible, are paraded part lines of people to pick out their former com-

Sopore, northwest of Srinagar, had been largely under militant control since the paramilitary Border Security Force (BSF) was withdrawn in January after one of its units went on the rampage following a militant attack, more than 50 people were killed.

The army operation in Sopore follows the peaceful end this month of a four-week army siege of Srinagar's Hazr-tbal Mosque, Kashmir's most sacred Islamic shrine, revered because it contains what is believed to be a hair of the Prophet Mohammad's beard. The siege trapped some 80 armed separatists and pilgrims inside the white marble mosque on the shores of Srinagar's Dal Lake and provoked a general strike and repeated attempts at protest marches. The government imposed

round-the-clock curfews to

curtail the protests, hut more than 50 people were killed by BSF troopers in the town of Bijbehara. The Sopore operation suggested that the siege, which ended with the surrender of all those inside the Hazratbal, has

boosted government confi-The onset of snow and cold weather, which has dampened militant activity in previous winters, may also help the gov-

ernment forces. Meanwhile, India Saturday started counting votes in cru-cial regional elections expected to show whether the once seemingly unstoppable Hindu nationalist opposition march to power has been halted.

It was the last stage of five crucial regional elections that could determine the future of Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao and the Hindu nationalist opposition Bhartiya Janata Party (BJP)
Election officials started

counting votes in Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan and Himachal Pradesh which held polls for state assemblies along with Delhi, voting for an assembly for the first time.

The last of the important states, Madhya Pradesh in central India, staged the second and last phase of its staggered election Saturday. Counting

was due to start there Tuesday.
Voting was uncommonly
peaceful in Madhya Pradesh, as in the earlier voting else-where held under heavy security. Only a handful of people were killed in the five regions compared to scores the last

time they voted in 1991. Trends in all four elections are expected to become clear Sunday.

The BJP ruled all four states, voting over the past three weeks, until Mr. Rao dismissed their governments in the wake of the destruction hy Hindu Zealots of a 16th century mosque in the Uttar Pradesh town of Ayodhya in December 1992. The elections were held to replace the governments.

The demolition set off natinwide violence in which more than 2.000 people were killed, most of them from the 120 million-strong Muslim minor-ity in a largely Hindu nation of

890 million people.

Mr. Rao accused the BJP governments of failing to control the violence and imposed central rule on all four states. The elections were at first seen as a referendum on the

battle between Mr. Rao's secu-

larist Congress Party and the

Priest refuses to drive with the devit

MANILA (R) — A Roman Catholic priest has been fixed for refusing to use a car plate with the numbers 666, saying they were associated with Satan, Father John Rona, a parish priest in the central province of Cebu, was asked so a pay 1,000 pesos (\$35) for refusing to use the licence plate.

Manila newspapers said Satur. day. Fr. Rona cited a verse in the Bible which mentions 666 as "the number of the bear that has come out of the earth," an allusion to the devil they said.

Needle removed from man's skull after 20 years

BELIING (AFP) - Doctors

have removed a needle from the head of a Chinese man which was stuck there by his sister when he was an infant some 20 years earlier, a hews report said Saturday. The 23-year-old man, who was not an named, began suffering severe headaches last June, the Tianiin Evening News reported, A private doctor tried massage and acupunture to relieve the headaches, but in the end of pain got so bad he decided to go to hospital. The report said that X-rays revealed the presence in his skull of a three-centimetre (1.2 inch) needle only two millimetres (less than a tenth of an inch) from his brain. The needle was re-moved by surgery. Believing the needle had been put there. during an acupuncture session, the man began leval proceedings against the private doctor. But a three month sagairy concluded that the needle had been pushed into his skull, when he was two year's old by his sister, who was trying to pierce a pimple on his fore-

Rapper in X-rated movie

NEW YORK (AFP) - Police have seized an X-rated video starring rapper Tupac Shakur, a police source said. The video was found during a search of the 22-year-old Shakur whotel room last week after theman-per was accused of simily assaulting a woman and later offering her to his friends. The 20-minute video shows Shakur L. and a young woman engaged in a sex act, said the source. The Daily News quoted a police source as saying the woman looks to be under the influence of drugs or drink and may also be a minor. "She does not look like she's in her right frame of mind," the source told the news. Shakur is at present free on bail after being indicted on sodomy and sex abuse charges. A lawyer for the rap star con-A lawyer for the rap star con-firmed that police seized a video when they searched Shakur's room but gave no details of what was on the tape.

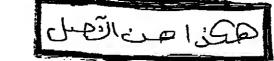
Serial killer's art finds its market ·

NEW YORK (R) — Several original paintings by convicted serial killer John Wayne Gary were sold at a Manhatan mightchub Friday night for up to \$5,000 each, a club promoter said. Gacy, 53, is on Illinois death row awaiting execution for the murder of 33 boys and young men, many of whose bodies were dng up on the property of the contractor's home. The works were displayed in a one-night show at The Tunnel, a Manhattan night club, where promoter Arthur Deco said "several" was rule. Deco said "several" were sold for anywhere from \$500 to \$5,000, the latter for an oil painting on canvas. Many of the works were self-portraits of Gacy, including some as a clown. Before his capture over a decade ago Gacy sometimes worked children's parties as a clown. Other subjects included among the 26 works included Elvis Presley and a sketch of Gacy's house as his yard was being dug up in the search for bodies. Deco said money from the sales will go to a company that acts as an agent for Gacy, who is scheduled for execution. by lethal injection next year.

9 kangaroos killed by dogs in Czech zoo

PRAGUE (AFP) — Nine kars garoos at the Jihlava Zoo, 198 kilometres southeast of berg were killed last week by two stray dogs, the zoo's directs said Saturday. The two don't wiped out the zoo's stock of kangaroos, killing one make five female and three balls who were in their mother pouches, according to an Director Vladislav Hruses. The owner of one of the attacking dogs, a high offered an automatic cash resister and a computer to the attack. in compensation for the loss





Al Wihdat clash with league leaders, Al Arabi, today

By Alcen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

e with

c remove

nan's sky

O years

21 10

Mariet S

3:305 by dogs ch Ida

05 35

AMMAN - Jordan's mostprestigious soccer competition - the first division soccer championship — enters its sixth week Sunday when former champions Al Wihdat clash with current league leaders Al Arabi, and uttleholders Al Faisali play Al Qadissieh

Al Arabi, a lowly team that was on the brink of relegation last year, now leads the standings after a 3-2 win over Sahab earlier in the week. Al Arabi's first goal was scored in the 22nd minute. They consolidated their lead in the 52nd minnte before Sahah's ace Mohammad Al Ashhah scored for his team in the 67th minute. Al Arabi's Ayman Al Omari

netted in his team's third goal

in the 75th minute, before Al

Ashhab scored his second goal

Al Arabi now have 11 points

five minutes later.

and will seek to upset Al Windat to keep their lead. Another lowly team, newcomers Al Fuheis, scored a precious victory of their own over bottom-of-the-league Al

Baqaa. Fuheis' goal was scored by a penalty kick, which secured them 5th place in the standing

Al Baqua will next face Al Ahli and both teams will be aiming for a win to advance

their standings.
Current third and fourth placed Al Hussein and Al Faisali played to a goaless draw in a match which saw Fayez Yousef and Subhi Suleiman, both top players of their respective teams, get red card

Both teams lost some good scoring chances, especially Al Hussein's Aref Hussein, as they settled for 1 point each. Al Ahli scored their first win of the tournament boosting the team's morale after several disappointing results.

They handed Al Jazirch

their second loss as Al Ahli led 3-0 before Tawfiq Al Saheb scored his team's only goal in the 82nd minute, ending the Mousa Shteyan opened the

minute. Amer Wali scored the second and third goals in the 54th and 74th minutes, putting the team in sixth place in the standings.
Al Wihdat settled for second

place this week after a goalless draw with Al Qadissich.

Standings after 5th week

ĺ	Team	PW	æ	Ď	L	GF	GA	Pis	
i	At Acchi	5 3	_	1	ĩ	9	8	11	
	Al Widhat	5 3	1	_	1	7	2	10	
	Al Hessein	5 3	1	_	1	6	<u>-</u>	10	
1	Al Friedi	4 2	ī	1	_	7	2	9	
	Al Pubeis	5 2	_	1	2	5	8	8	
	Al Als	5 1	_	2	<u>-</u>	6	6	7	
1	Al Qadissich	5 1	2	1	1	3	3	7	
	Al Yarmonk	4 1	_	ī	Ž	4	6	5	
1	Al Jazirek	4 —	_	2	2	4	8	4	
ı	Al Remaths	1 1	_	_	_	2	_	3	
1	Al Sabab	5 —	1	1	3	4	8	3	
ļ	Al Bagas	4 1	_	_	3	ž	6	3	
- 1					-	_	_	_	

Egyptian coach set for 2nd African triumph

JOHANNESBURG (AFP) — Egyptian Mahmoud Al-Gohary is poised to become the first coach to lift the African Champions' Cup twice since it was introduced nearly three decades ago.

The former national player guided Al Ahli to the most prestigious African chub title in 1982 and his present team. Zamalek, have reached this year's final.

Ironically, Al Ahli won the cup with a 4-1 overal victory over Asante Kotoko of Ghana, the cluh who host Zamalek Sunday in the first leg in

Gohary is a latecomer to the Zamalek challenge for continental glory, succeeding Scot Dave Mackay several months' ago after a series of disappointme domestic results.

Besides establishing Al Ahli as a force in Africa, one-time army officer Gohary steered Eygpt to the 1990 World Cup finals during one of several spells as national coach.

LONDON (R) - Tottenham

Hotspor and England striker

Teddy Sheringham had a care

tilege operation of his right

knee as the club still reeled

from the blow of skipper Gary

Mabbutt needing surgery for a

And manager Ossie Ardiles,

whose team has earned just

two points from the last six

Premier League matches.

admitted he may be forced into

the transfer market to replace

Keyhole surgery on Shering-ham's damaged right knee — the striker has missed all those

last six games in which Spurs

have scored just four times -revealed the cartilege damage

Friday just when he thought he

Spurs were unable to esti-

Ardiles is hopeful that Mab-

butt, despite the nature of his

injury, could be back in six

weeks, but the manager admit-

ted: "It is very difficult to

replace players of his ability but it is possible I might have

Spurs sold Gordon Durie to

Glasgow Rangers for £1.5 million (\$2.22 million) last week.

The money from the sale is

available to me and I will have

to buy.

mate a date for his return.

was nearing 100 fitness.

his injured key players.

fractured skull.

clashed once before, with the Egyptians taking a two-goal quarterfinal lead six years' ago only to be overwhelmed 5-1 in West Africa.

Both teams have been champions twice - Kotoko m 1970 and 1983 and Zamalek in 1984 and 1986 -- and whoever succeeds will become only the third club to achieve a hat-

Hafia of Guinea were victorious three times within six years during the 1970s while Canon Yaounde of Cameroon achieved the same feat over a 10-year period from 1971.

The finalists boast powerful line-ups although Zamalek will lack Nabil Mohammad, who is serving an antomatic onematch suspension after being sent off in the semifinals.

With home ground advantage and the partisan support of an expected capacity crowd of 80,000, the onus will be on-Kotoko to establish a winning lead ahead of the the return match next month.

Joe Okvere could pose the biggest threat to Zamalek as he scored two of the three goals which sent Zambians Nkana Red Devils packing in the

And Okyere., struck the early goal which paved the way for a dramatic semifinal success over Abidjan chub Asec following a six-goal thriller.

After that cup tie, at least 23 people died in football-related violence which spilt into neigh-bouring lyory Coast, prompting Zamalek appeals that the final be switched to the capital

The African Football Confederation, Cairo-based organisers of the competition, rejected the request despite a history of trouble at matches in

Although Zamalek lost two of their four away ties, the defeats in South Africa and Nigeria were by single goal margins and, significantly, the Egyptians failed to score only

Ayman Mansour is the man deserving elosest attention from Kotoko defenders — his five goals have made him the leading Champions' Cup

A high police presence will keep watch over Sunday's first leg of the African Champions Cup final between Kotoko and

An official of the security services confirmed they would react quickly to any trouble at the match at Kumasi (200km north west of here).

We are not expecting incidents, but if there is one, we are ready to tackle it quickly and effectively," the official

One of the Egyptian delega-tion, General Abdul Momen Al Hagg, confirmed the 19 players and 13 officials of their party felt "relaxed and safe" at Kumasi.

Maier upstages Wachter in World Cup giant slalom

SANTA CATERINA VAL-FURVA, Italy (R) — Austrian Ulriked Maier trumped inform compatriot Anita Wachter and local favourite Deborah Compagnoni to lead a
World Cup giant slalom after
the first let Saturday.
Maier, third in a giant slalom

here 24 hours earlier, set a bistering pace on the bottom half of the 50-gate Cevedale Piste to clock one minute 09.35

The Austrian was world super-G champion in 1989 and 1991 but has won only three World Cup races.

Olympic super-G champion Compagnoni, cheered on by a cluster of Italian fans in her home village, took second place, 0.37 of a second behind Maier after posting the fastest intermediate time.

Wachter, who has opened her defence of the overall World Cup title in the perfect manner with two race wins, was a further 0.17 of a second back in third place after a leg raced in watery morning sunSweden's Pernilla Wiberg confirmed her return to form after a serious achilles injury by notching the fourth best time despite the disadvantage of starting outside the leading

group. Wiberg, Wiberg, Olympic cham-pion in the discipline, was challenging for the overall World Cup title last season until the injury in January ruined her

She punched the air in delight when she saw her time flash up on the scoreboard at the end of the run. She clocked 1:10.24, just ahead of Swiss veteran Vreni Scheider who was fifth in 1:10.27.

"That third place Friday helped boost my confidence for today's race," said Maier, who won gold in super-G in both the 1989 and 1991 World Championships.

My form is good and 1 intend to keep the ball rolling as we move towards the Olympics which are the biggest thing

Wachter, faster on the second run, was not particular-ly disappointed after failing to

pull off a hat-trick of wins.

"Above all I'm pleased for
Uli (Maier), she said. "I have
to accept that I can't always perform at 100 per cent. I'm not a machine. Wiberg's third place was all

the more impressive because she had the disadvantage of her first run of starting at num-She still clocked the fourth best time and was second quickest behind Wachter on

the decisive run. "I feel I have a lot more to give. My injury is something 1 have put behind me and if

anything I feel stronger than before I was hurt," she said. Wiberg will clearly also be a candidate for Olympic gold in Norway, having already trium-phed in the super-G in 1988 as well as winning the giant slalom in Albertville last year. The home fans were disappointed by the failure of local favourie Deborah Compagnoni to linish on the podium.

Second after the first leg, she skied poorly when the pressure was on and fell back to fourth. "I got tene when I heard the times posted by Wachter and Wibefa and made an incredible series of errors," said the Italian, who grew up m Santa Caterina.

It was ain ther bad day for German Katja Seizinger, World Cup runner-up behind Wachter last year. Seizinger finished 21st after

a bad error on the lower part of

the second run.
Wachter's 280 points give
her an 88-point lead over
Maier in the overall World Cup standings with Vreni Schneider of Switzerland third on 175.

Schneider finished fifth Saturday but is the favourite for Sunday's slalom, the final event of this weekend's threerace programme.

Norway starts 75-day torch relay for Olympics

MORGEDAL, Norway (R) — Norway started a 75-day relay Saturday with a flaming torch to be carried by skiers, runners and reindeer sleighs around the nation to the opening cere-mony of the Lillehammer Winter Ólympics.

Atle Skaardal, downhill silver medallist at this year's World Championships and born near Morgedal in the mountains of south Norway, set off on skis on the first leg of the 8,000 kms relay, cheered by about 2,000 people.

The flame will go round the nation in cold and dark, but

will be met by a warm welcome wherever it goes," said Gerhard Heiberg, president of the Lillehammer Organising Committee. The games start on Feb. 12.

After a dispute with Greece over where the flame for the winter games should be lit, the Norwegian torch will be united with a flame flown from Olympia in Greece on Feb. 5. Norway calls Morgedal the cradle

The united flame will be carnied to Lillehammer, ending with a ski jumper leaping into

the stadium with the flaming torch at the opening ceremony.

A reserve flame will be nearby at all times if anyone slips and the flame goes out.

"The relay is a symbol that the winter games in Lillehammer area not a regional event but that the whole country is behind it," Culture Minister Aase Kleveland said.

The 153 cms long wood and aluminium torch will be carried mostly by runners. But skis, reindeer sleighs, boats, helicopters and planes will also be

The flame will be flown to a North Sea oil platform and to the Arctic archipelago of Sval-

bard. A museum curator, Olav Bekken, lit the flame by rubbing two sticks together around midnight Friday outside Nordheim's cottage. Bekken had won a nationwide stick-rubbing contest.

Norwegians say 4,000 year-old rock carvings in their coun-try show skis in use and they wanted to use stone age methods to light the flame partly to show that skiing has deep roots in Norway.

China's sports stars accused of crimes

BEIJING (R) - China's athletes, pampered champions of the nation's honour, are running foul of the law as sports heroes turn to murder. drugs, gambling and illicit sex, the official China Sports Daily said Saturday.

'Bloody warning' the newspaper screamed in a headline over a commentary on falling morals in one of the world's last surviving socialist sport training programmes.

The newspaper said athletes and coaches had been involved in at least 10 serious criminal cases in recent years, ranging from murdering their trainers to hiring themselves out as vigilantes.

The transformation of sports stars into dangerous thugs should prompt changes in China's training regime, it said. "Problems exist with our

management of athletes and their ideological training," the newspaper said.

Among the bloody incidents catalogued by the paper:

— In March, an athlete stabbed his trainer to death in the doorway of a sports school dormitory in Shandong pro-

was hired to torch the house of a local Communist Party offi-

someone who wanted revenge. - In 1989, two track-andfield athletes broke into the Wenzhon Hotel in coastal Fnjian province and shot five

violent episodes were symp-tomatic of a much wider prob-

steal things and arrange it so men and women live together

"Some athletes and coaches

China's athletes, particularly those who bring home medals from international competitions, are among the most widely celebrated heroes in the

Subjected to rigorous selec-tion procedures and then drilled for years in special sports prog-rammes, the athletes live a life largely sheltered from the rest of society.
Successful champions are

ually granted large cash awards and prizes - but can grow up hardly knowing their own parents.

TO OPEN SOON).

The China Sports Daily said the spread of criminal activity among sports stars was mostly due to "corrupt capitalist things" that have entered the country during its long process of spening to the outside-

world.
"In this rapidly changing try to society, some people try to find holes in the law," it said. The newspaper urged sports authorities to pay closer attention to psychological and ideological training of athletes, and to consider breaking down the harriers between the ran-

fied world of young sports stars

and society at large.

MR. RAJA F. HALAZON, CHAIRMAN AND PROPRIETOR OF TURINO, FLAT.O.TEL-SIGNED A CONTRACT APPOINTING MR. GHASSAN AL-KURD AS GENERAL MANAGER. TURINO RUNS THE RECENTLY OPENED "BOUTIQUE" FLAT.O.TEL TURINO "CLUB RESTAURANT", "LAVITA" LOUNGE FOR PRIVATE "BOARD ROOM AND SMALL BANQUETING "FACILITY AND THE

MR. GHASSAN T. KURD, HAD HELD DIFFERENT POSITIONS, AT THE HOTEL INTERCONTINENTAL

AWAITED "CHEERS" COFFEESHOP, (EXPECTED

JORDAN. MR. KURD HOLDS A (BSC) FROM U.S.A AND HAS ATTENDED EXTENSIVE TRAINING COURSES AND WORKSHOPS RELATED TO THE HOTEL INDUSTRY.

FURNISHED STUDIO FLAT



ABS Sports Complex.

donated the car to the ABS.

GOREN BRIDGE

WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you PQ98542 Partner opens the bidding with two no trump. What do you respond?

Q.2-As South, vulnerable, you #643 76 0763 #AKJ765 The hidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 Pass ?

Q:3-As South, vulnerable, you

4Q108 V6 QJ5 4K109542 The bidding has proceeded: North East. South West What do you bid now?

Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you

to see what are the priority needs of the squad. We are very stretched," Artiles said. Ardiles is having an unlucky run with the signing he has

Sheringham has operation as Spurs injuries continue

already made for Spurs. Jason Dozzell, from Inswich, will be missing for a third consecutive game against Queens Park Rangers through an ankle injury, full back David Kerslake has fin while Dean Austin has recovered from a broken leg

but probably will not play.

Mabbutt sustained his injury in an aerial collision with Wimbledon's John Fashanu in a 1-1 league draw Wednesday. He later had a metal plate inserted in the side of his face and other surgery to correct damage to the orbit of an eye.

Fashanu Friday disputed Spurs' claims that he had left Mabbutt with a fractured skull. After visiting Mahbutt's bedside the Wimbledon star said: "He told me 1 must not hlame myself because it was a complete accident. To say he has a fractured skull is horrific.

"I was distraught when I beard on the radio that he had a fractured skull. I spoke to both the nurse and the doctor and they have told me that is

hold: ◆A83 ♥KQ74 ♥Q53 ◆Q98

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: \$76532 \\ \text{KJ3} \\ \delta \text{62} \\ \delta \text{A53}

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 2 1

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you

The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 Pass ?

₹743 ₹K985 ±AJ74

The bidding has proceeded: South West North E 1 + Pass 2 + P

What action do you take?

What do you bid now?

What do you respond?

"I am a hard but fair player

and I feel upset that Spurs have come out and said it was a fractured skull."

No foul was given by the referee and Mabbutt himself has already publicly absolved Fashanu of any hlame.

Fashann added: "Some of the Tottenham players who have seen it on video have told me 1 was not to hlame. Fortunately we also had a very good referee who, even after seeing the incident on video, has said there was nothing for him to take action about."

His protestations were strongly supported today by Wimbledon manager Joe Kinnear and owner Sam Hammam at a news conference at the club's training ground. Hammam was particularly

furious and stressed: "We know the cheekbone is part of the skull but to a layman a cheekbone is a cheekbone, not a skull. All the reports in the newspapers are over the top. People might think that Gary Mabhutt is having brain

operated on Mahbutt confirmed that the injury is officially classified as a fracture of the skull.

Spurs released a further statement revealing that surgeon David James also said the player was lucky he did not lose the sight in his right eye.

Mr. James, a facial and mazillary surgeon who practices at the University College Hospital and Great Ormond Street, had to rebuild fractures of the cheekbone, the eye socket and the floor of the eye-socket.

The Tottenham statement said: "Mr. James, with the use of titanium metal and crews, rebuilt the floor and side of the eye socket as they were frac-tured in several places. He stated that it was one of the most serious injuries of this type that he has seen.

The statement went on: "Dr. Brian Curtin, Tot-tenham's medical officer for 30 years and Mr. James both confirm that the injury sustained is

Later, the surgeon who Russians plan Formula 1 track in Kaliningrad

— The Baltic city of Kalining-rad announced plans Friday to circuit in a region which was until recently closed to the outside: world.

Vitaly Shipov said city authorities were negotiating with IABC and a consortium of Western investors. He expected construction to begin Ninkov said the two sides

had formally set up a joint venture to start work on the

project, which would need to

Soviet style, shows little sign of the glitz and buste of Western business interests, so striking to any visitor to Moscow. This is the best location for be developed around Russia,"

War II, and rebuilt in faceless

business hub. Kaliningrad is 40 kms from Russia's westernmost border and plans for the complex inchude redeveloping the city's small airport.

Cinema

Tel.: 677420

- In 1992, a 10-year-old gymnast in sonthern Yunnan province was injured by her coach after he botched an attempt to extort money from the local training programme. - In 1990, a sports trainer

cial in Shaanxi province by

people to death to resolve an argument over a local woman. The China Sports Daily, the official mouthpiece of China's heavily regimented national sports programme, said the

lem in Chinese athletics.
"In fact, among athletes, there are many cases of smok-ing, drinking, playing mahjong and gambling," the newspaper said. "Some also fight, argue,

as couples. even take drugs and visit

SEMI-VILLA FOR RENT classified as a fracture of the IN NORTH-WEST AMMAN Furnished, consists of 3 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, 2 glassed verandas with tel. line, centrally heated. Location: Jordan Univ. Housing area.

KALININGRAD, Russia (R) build Russia's first Formula 1

Zelgko Ninkov, of the Liechtenstein-based investment company IABC, said: "We are trying to develop motor sport in Russia — not just Formula 1, but also Formula 3000, a truck cup, touring cars, a manufacturers' cup, motorcycles and superbikes.

Racing could start in 1997. Kaliningrad City Mayor

"The FIA and FIM are ready to support us with guarantees that this complex will operate. They have to put us on the race schedule," he Kaliningrad city, a drab place badly bombed in World

a model, which in future will Ninkov said of the former strategic military region, which since opening up in 1991 has sought a niche as an East-West

1989 JAGUAR XJ-6 2000 km, 2.9cc, fully automatic, white outside,

For more information call: Sawsan, tel. 642021 from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. and tel.: 665595 from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

maroon leather inside. Price: JD 67,500. Call 642784

Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath El-Hassan the Young Muslim Women's Association holds its annual bazaar Monday November 29th at 10:30 a.m. for two days

at the SPORTS CITY

Tel.: 699238

Under the Patronage of

FOR RENT

For more information call telephone number 810844



The Amman Bacalaureate School would like to express its thanks to everyone who participated in the Lottery to support the

The winning ticket number was 5595 for the Jordan National Bank, who kindly

Administration

PHILADELPHIA D JURASSIC PARK

Tel.: 634144

CONCORD CONCORD '1' Mel Gibson — in FOREVER YOUNG Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Mickey Rourke **DESPERATE HOURS**

Tel.: 675571 Nabil Al Mashini Theetre

presents a play entitled: Al Ilm Nuron

A popular political comedy Actors: Abeer less, Daoud Jatajel, Hassan Al Shaer, Fuad Shomati In addition to other comedians Every night at 8:15 · Tickets are sold all day

Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 625155 AHLAN THEATRE

The political comedy WELCOME ARAB SUMMIT

Daily 8:30 p.m. The theatre closes Saturday and Sunday

English synopsis available

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

±63

CONCORD '2' THE FUGITIVE

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 5, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

PLAZA

Cambodians

festival

celebrate water

PHNOM PENH (R) - King Norodom Sihanouk used the

start of Cambodia's colourful

Water Festival Saturday to

appeal to his government not

appeal to his government not to arrest journalists who criticise him. Information Minister leng Mouly had earlier said journalists writing unfavourable articles about the king would face arrest. The capital Phnom Penh ground to a standstill as thousands of residents flocked to the riverside

dents flocked to the riverside

outside the royal palace to watch the start of the colourful festival, Bun Umtouk. The highlight of the three-day festivities, revived in 1991 after

being outlawed during the 1975

to 1979 Khmer, Rouge reign of terror, is the dragon boat races on the Tonle Sap River. Before the races began loudspeakers broadcast a message from the head of state, who is being treated for cancer in a Beiling hospital, requesting

Beijing hospital, requesting the authorities not to detain

critical journalists. "I would

like to ask the royal govern-

ment of Cambodia not to

arrest any journalist who is guitty of criticising me, Norodom Sihanouk, King of Cambodia," state radio quoted the

71-year-old monarch as saying.
The festival celebrates the changing of direction of the Tonie Sap River and the vital role of water in Khmer life.

National Assembly President Chea Sim said the event

indonesia folis

fossii smuggilng

JAKARTA (R) — Indonesian customs officials have foiled an attempt to smuggle fossile overseas by post, the official Antara News Agency said. Saturday. Some of the six parcels containing the fossils were bound for Washington, containing the fossils were bound for Washington.

toms officials said. "The con

We became suspicious became the parcels were very hears said one official, who allego

that the sender had med to

tents. He gave no details of the

planned shipment from Yogyakarta, a central Javanese city about 80 kilometres from

Sangiran, where "Java man"

remains were first identified-

five years or more in Indone-

sia. Indonesian sensitivity on

101 years ago. Convicted fossil

fossils was highlighted this month when U.S. anthropo

logist Donald Tyler, 39, was

briefly prevented from leaving

the country. Tyler, professor :

of anthropology at the University of Idaho, eventually left

on Nov. 20. He had been

embroiled in a controversy

over a cranial fossil found in

Sangiran.

U.K. minister

declares war

on truancy

strugglers face jail terms of -

forge documents on the con-

tents are still being examin

attempt .

"attested to the well-being of a...

NEWS IN BRIEF

Kuwait jails Iraqi and Jordanian

KUWAIT (R) — A Kuwaiti court Saturday sentenced a 19-year-old Iraqi to life imprisonment with hard labour for allegedly spying for Baghdad, the official Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) said. It said the Iraqi, identified as Khaled Rahim Wali, was found guilty of spying for Iraqi intelligence on Kuwaiti military sites on the Iraq-Kuwait border on Aug. 6. Kuwait has almost completed building a ditch and a rampart on the Kuwait side of the 207-kilometre newly-demarcated land border to keep out Iraqi infiltrators. The court also sentenced 50-year-old Jordanian Nasir Mobammad to 10 years in prison and then deportation for allegedly collaborating with the Iraqi 1990-91 occupation authorines, KUNA said. Mr. Mohammad was also accused of writing articles for Iraq's Al Nidaa newspaper issued in Kuwait after Baghdad's 1990 invasion of the emirate.

Pakistanis freed from Afghan prison

PESHAWAR, Pakistan (AP) — Fourteen Pakistanis returned home Saturday after being released from prison in Afghanistan, where most had been held on suspicion of spying. Two other Pakistanis released last week from the same Sadarat Prison in Kabul, the Afghan capital, said they were systematically tortured during their detention. It was not clear whether any of the 14 also reported being mistreated. The 14 men, picked up at various times over the past nine months, lacked proper travel documents, according to officials in both countries. Afghanistan is mired in a brutal civil war, and officials accused the Pakistani men of spying, though they were never tried. Pakistan was a strong supporter of the guerrilla factions in Afghanistan that ousted the communist guerrilla factions in Arghanistan that ousted the communication of the government last year. Since then, the factions have been fighting among themselves and remain suspicious of Pakistani support for rivals. Three Pakistani students were detained while travelling in Afghanistan on Sept. 17. One of the students died in custody and the two survivors, who were released last week, complained of torture and a lack of food.

Comoros sets poll dates for fifth time

MORONI (AFP) - President Said Mohammad Djohar of Comoros bas decreed that general elections will be held Dec. 12 and 19, the fifth set of dates announced for the polls in six months. The latest announcement, late Friday, follows the naming of a new election commission on Nov. 17 which diplomatic sources said appeared more representative of the country's opposition parties. Sixteen opposition parties had been threatening to boycott the vote if the election commission was not changed. The elections should bave been beld within 40 days of the dissolution of parliament last June, but have been repeatedly postponed. The president called off the last elections set for Nov. 21 and 28 at the last minute without setting new dates.

Former militia chief tried in absentia

BEIRUT (AFP) - A Lebanese military court has put Etienne Sacre, former head of a right-wing militia, the Guards of the Cedars, on trial in absentia for alleged collaboration with Israel, Lebanese judicial officials said Saturday. Speaking in this home village Sahbah, in Israel's self-declared "security zone" in South Lebanon, Mr. Sacre rejected the charges, but said he was "proud" of his relations with Israel. "We bave been comparigning for 15 years for pages with Israel. been campaigning for 15 years for peace with Israel. We are pioneers. Lebanon wants peace with all countries, including Syria," Mr. Sacre told AFP. The Lebanese authorities have issued a warrant for his arrest. Mr. Sacre was accused of "contacts and collaboration with the Israeli enemy," and of trying to encourage former Lebanese leader General Michel Aoun to contact Israelis and the Jewish lobby in the United

Menem inspects Argentine force

SKOURIOTISSA (AP) — Argentine President Carlos Menem on Saturday visited Argentine troops serving with a U.N. force in Cypru and lauded their dedication to the peacekeeping effort. "Buenos Dias Senor Presidente," (Good Morning Mr. President), the 375 soldiers chanted in unison as Mr. Menem arrived at their camp, accompanied by his daughter, Zulema, and Defence Minister Oscar Camilion, who had previously served as a U.N. envoy to Cyprus. "1 am happy to be able to come and visit you following my earlier visit to the Argentine Blue Berets serving in Croatia," Mr. Menem responded. "I congratulate you on your dedication to your duty to maintian peace and prevent bloodshed," he told

12 arrested in Zakho for planting bomb

ZAKHO, Iraq (AFP) - The Kurdish security services have arrested 12 people for attempting to plant explosives in Zakho, northern Iraq, on the orders of the Turkish secret service, a security official said here. The official, who requested anonymity, said the 12 were arrested on Tuesday while they were trying to plant large amounts of explosives in the Zakho hospital and water pumping station. The 12 said under interrogation that they had been working for the Turkish secret service, the official said. One was a Turkish citizen, and the rest were Iraqis from villages near Zakho. They were being held in the central security hureau in Dohuk. The official said they all admitted being recruited by the "Turkoman Brotherhood Party" (TBP), operating from an office in Zakho. They said they were trained by the Turkish secret service in Sirnak in southeastern Turkey, before being sent on their mission to Zakho. TBP officials in Zakho said the head of their office, Muhafiz Hahib, was arrested later in the week, hut they gave no further details.

Turkey protests Greek minister's outburst

ANKARA (AFP) - The Turkish Foreign Ministry summoned Greece's ambassador here Saturday to complain about anti-Turkish statements made by Greek European Affairs Minister Theodoros Pangalos. Ministry spokesman Ferhat Ataman said Deputy Foreign Minister Tugay Ulucevik met Ambassador Alexandros Filos to demand an explanation for the comments, which included sharp attacks on Turkish policy concerning the Kurds, Cyprus and human rights. At a meeting in Athens Thursday in which Mr. Pangalos outlined bis plans for Greece's six-month presidency of the European Community beginning in January, the minister referred among other things to Turkey "dragging its bloodied boots across the carpets of Europe." Referring to the recent visit to Luxembourg of Turkish Foreign Minister Hikmet Cetin, Mr. Pangalos said he was "forced to sit down" at the same table as Cetin and to listen to him "lie shamelessly" about the Kurdish rebellion in southeastern Turkey. In his statement Saturday, Mr. Ataman said: "International press reports wholly reflect the comments of Mr. Pangalos, they are incompatible with a civilised attitude and minimum standards of diplomatic courtesy. We regret that a member of the Greek government make remarks which were so hostile."

Buthelezi hints at resignation

VRYHEID, South Africa (AFP) - Mangosuthu Buthelezi said Saturday that his time as leader of the Inkatha Freedom Party (IFP) might be over, on the eve of a crucial meeting of the party's central committee. Chief Buthelezi, who said he was despondant, told a rally in this coal-mining Natal province town that he would ask the decision-making central committee for guidance. The IFP leader has said he would quit if the party decided to contest the first non-racial election on April 27. 'I have never had illusions that 1 am indispensable or irreplaceable. If this is the time for someone else to be at the helm of the IFP leadership, so be it," he said. Chief Buthelezi has rejected the election, stating that the interim constitution under which it is to be fought is fatally flawed, but recently there have been indications that senior IFP leaders favour contesting the poll. (See related story on page 8]

Hundreds of Kurds protest PKK ban

BONN (Agencies) — Hundreds of Kurds demonstrated in several German towns Saturday to protest the ban-ning of the separatist Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) and some 34 other Kurdish bodies in a crackdown by German anthor-

About 300 people marched in the streets of Frankfurt, in western Germany, and similar numbers turned out in Stuttgart, in the southwest, shout-ing slogans including "German arms out of Kurdistan." Kurds maintain that the Tur-

kish army is using German weapons delivered as part of the North Atlantic Treaty

Organisation (NATO) in its struggle against the rebel PKK.

In Nuremberg, in sonthern Germany, about 80 people marched in the centre of the

town.
The PKK, backed by 11 other organisations, demanded Friday that the ban should be lifted, calling on the German government to "take part in all necessary efforts to stop the violence in Kurdistan.

Germany outlawed the PKK and 34 other militant Kurdish bodies Friday, satisfying the Turkish government which is at war with the armed independence movement.

Germany's move followed a similar crackdown by French authorities last week, who rounded up several Kurds, prompting several days of demonstrations concentrated on

Turkish Prime Minister Tansu Cîller welcomed the crackdown, which also included the freezing of bank accounts and seizure of mail, as an "important step" in its campaign against the Kurdish separatists. Some 450,000 Kurds live in Germany, which has some two

million Turkish citizen residents,s and relations between the Bonn and Ankara governments are close. PKK members were killed

during military operations and clashes in the eastern and southeastern Anatolia region of Turkey Friday, official sources said Saturday. Eight PKK members were

killed in the area of Diyarbakir, Mus and Bingol, according to a statement by the kir police. Seven others were killed

during fighting in the eastern regions if Bingo and Tunceli, the semi-official Anatolia news

agency reported.

This brings the November death toll to 255, including 21 Turkish security force personnel, according to Diyarbakir police statistics.

In the meantime, Sevket Epozdemir, president of the pro-Kurd Democratic Party (DEP) in the eastern town of Tatvan, was found assassinated Friday near Guroymak after being kidnapped outside his home Thursday, the pro-Kurd Turkish newspaper Ozgur Gundem reported Saturday.

The Turkish press also re-ported Saturday that Turkish aircraft raided several PKK camps in Iraqi territory, near the Turkish-Iranian-Iraqi border, Friday. These camps have been used as bases for crossborder attacks against Turkish villages and gendarmerie.



An Israeli soldier passes through a street in the occupied Gaza Strip during protests Saturday by Palestinians on the third day of a general strike to protest the killing last Wednesday of a Hamas activist (AFP photo)

PLO faces a test after deploying police — Beilin

(Agencies) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) will be tested when a Palestinian police force is deployed in the occupied territories, Israeli Deputy Foreign Minsiter Yossi Beilin said Saturday.

"For the time heing, we can't ask the PLO to impose its authority when it's not even there. But it must prove itself when its police force is de-ployed to prevent acts of vio-lence," he told Israel Radio. Mr. Beilin said Israel was

living through difficult times ahead of the implementation ahead of the implementation of the Sept. 13 accord with the PLO on autonomy for the Gaza Strip and West Bank town of Jericho hut that "we must win the war of nerves launched by opponents of the neace process."

peace process."

He said it was not a question of listening to Israeli right-wing political groups calling for suspension of bilateral Israeli-Palestinian peace negotiations. since that would give all kinds of extremists the right to veto

the peace.
On Saturday, and for the third day running. Palestinians

in the Gaza Strip observed a general strike called by Fateh. the PLO's mainstream faction. and the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas to protest the killing Wednesday of Hamas' military leader, Imad Akel, by Israeli soldiers.

Israeli troops gunned down another Hamas official on Friday in East Jerusalem.

Both incidents cause wide-

spread protest that in two days took the toll to one Arah dead and 37 wounded.

The PLO has warned time was running out for the Dec. 13 deadline when Israeli troops are to begin withdrawing from Gaza and Jericho but Israeli Prime Minister Yizthak Rabin bas said the start of the pullout could be delayed.

Police said Friday that a Palestinian killed by troops in the West Bank village of Beit Awwa near Hebron on Nov. 8 was suspected of killing an Israeli and several Palestinian collaborators.

Salem Al Sabah allegedly killed Haim Ayubi, the driver of a rightwing rabbi, in the Hebron area on Nov. 7, they

said. Qassam is the military wing

of the Hamas, which opposes the Israel-PLO peace deal. PLO leader Yasser Arafat called the assassinations of a number of PLO officials since he signed a pact with Israel in September "the price of

peace.

Many of those who have heen assassinated in southern Lebanon and Gaza are my near friends and colleagues," Mr. Arafat told a news confer-

ence in Stockholm,
"It is part of the price we are paying for peace," he said.

Palestinian jailed

An Israeli military court in Gaza sentenced a member of Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) to life imprisonment seven times over for a series of murders, Palesti-

nian sources said Saturday.

Nasser Al Faadhi, 21, from
Khan Younis in the Gaza
Strip, was given the life sentences along with 60 more years
Friday for killing an Israeli,
Simha Levy, at the beginning
of 1993 and seven Palestinians
he alleged were "collaborhe alleged were "collaborators" with the Israeli, author-

Cairo executes 2 in swift response to Sedki attack

tion to react swiftly and severe-CAIRO (Agencies) - The Egyptian authorities hanged ly to violence by anti-government militants, observers said

two Islamic activists Saturday in a continuing crackdown on unrest, only two days after an assassination attempt on Prime Minister Atef Sedki. Mustafa Awni and

Mahmoud Salah Fahmi, both

Egyptians, had been sentenced to death on Sept. 15 by Cairo's high military court for an attack that killed four people.

The men aimed to kill the high military court's chief justice, Ahmad Abdullah in an attack on July 18, but missed their target and opened fire on an army general, who escaped injury. Four people were kil-

led: A policeman, a passerby and two of the attackers. The execution, coming only two days after an abortive attack on Dr. Sedki in which one person was killed and 21 injured, demonstrated the an-thorities' continued determinahere.

Both those executed were from hotbeds of fundamentalists unrest in Upper Egypt. Fahmi, 21, was from the Qussiya region of Assiyut pro-

vince, while Awni, 22, hailed from Dairut. Since October 1992, when trials of militants were transferred to military courts, 38 death sentences have been handed down, compared to one from the state security

Saturday's hangings brought to 20 the number of executions of militants in 1993. The last hanging, of three militants,

was on Nov. 3. The ambush of the general for which the two were hanged Saturday looked like a revenge attack. It took place after 14 militants had been hanged and

witnesses said the guumen involved wore black headbands of mourning. Security sources believed the

militants were trying to kill the general in charge of the milit-ary courts that ordered the executions. The man in the ambushed car, who escaped unhurt, was a regular staff officer.

The group that claimed responsibility for the homb attack on Dr. Sedki said in a faxed message to news organisations that the assassination squad had orders "to seek retribution for the blood of the martyrs and the death sentences issued by the military tribunals."

Statements by the militants suggest that two separate groups are now fighting the government, related in origin but different in strategy andtactics: Al Gamaa Al Islamiyah and Jihad.

dropped from the list of nominees. Deputies had reg-istered the names of possible

committee members at the permanent secretariat of the

House before the House went

Moderate **Islamist** kidnapped in Algeria

BLIDA, Algeria (R) — Gun-men in Algeria abducted an Islamist leader, apparently trying to stop moderate Mus-lims from talking with the authorities, his group said Saturday.

Mohammad Bouslimani, head of the Association for Guidance and Reform and a founder of Islamist party Hamas, was seized Friday in Blida, 50 kilometres south of Algiers. Days earlier the authorities signalled a willingness to talk to Muslim moderates.

It was the first kidnapping of a moderate Islamist leader

since the outbreak of violence, blamed by the authorities on Muslim militants, following the January 1992 cancellation of a general election that the fun-damentalists looked set to win.

A Bouslimani associate said the group believed the kidnapping was designed to stop Hamas and other moderate Islamic groups from participat-ing in talks with be authorities to lead Algeria back to demo-

"We don't know their identity but given the current political situation, the kidnappers are trying of push us to boycott the dialogue," said the associate, who declined to be named.

He said four men approached Mr. Bouslimani's house on Friday, cut its tele-phone line and then two armed with sawn-off hunting tifles open the front door.

Mr. Bouslimani's nephew heard the men and shouted to his uncle to flee. The Islamist first tried to telephone for help and, finding the line cut, ran to the kitchen where the gunmen grabbed him.

Mr. Bouslimani was abducted three days after Agleria's presidency, the five-member High Council of State, offered an olive branch to moderate Islamists, saying it was willing to talk to anyone who respected the law.
"The High Council of
State... reaffirms its readiness

to see integrated into organised political society those elements who respect the law and have not taken part in the dialogue so far," the presiden-cy said in a statement Tuesday.

The presidency, known by its French acronym HCE, is directing a process of dialogue with political parties and other groups to set a path back to democracy after a transition period.

A round of talks with five patries, including Hamas, began on Saturday.

In August gunmen killed former Prime Minister Kasdi Merbah, the first member of the opposition to have publicly urged Muslim militants to lay down their arms and talk with the authorities.

Mr. Merbah's son, brother, driver and bodyguard were all killed in that attack.

Algeria has been racked by violence since the January 1992 cancellation of elections in which the fundamentalist Islamic Salvation Front had taken a huge first-round lead. More than 1,600 Algerians have been killed since, as well as seven foreigners.

The FIS was subsequently banned.

In its session Sunday, the House will also debate the

deputies' response to the speech from the Throne. A special House committee

elected Tuesday has drafted

LONDON (AFP) — British Education Minister John Pat ten pledged to launch an imitative to combat truancy, a problem given graphic prominence by the young killers of toddler James Bulger who should have been in class when they abducted their victim. In a speech in the central town of Towcester, Mr. Patten said school authorities and police were no longer able to cope on their own with the rising wave of truancy in Britain. Speaking two days after 11-year-olds Robert Thompson and Jon Venables were convicted of the two-year-old boy's kidnapping and murder last February, Patten. Backed the introduction of anti-truancy community watch groups comprising shopkeepers, bus drivers and parkkeepers. "Every day in this country many thousands of children, some as young as seven and eight, play truent from our schools," Patten said. He added: "It is clear... that for some, a life of truancy can

D. To allocate funds for the

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. Gammoh outlined the

domesne product. B. To decrease the capital

expenditure on national investments with a target of expanding the participation of the

Armed Forces, security departments, including police, civil defence and other departments in a manner that ensures the achievement of social, political and economic security.

H. To work towards achieving the aims of the economic restructuring programme, which mainly involves an increase in the gross domestic product and a decrease in budget deficit and current account as part of the gross domestic product while ensurthe country's foreign exchange

all too quickly turn into a life of crime." i am Jesus, says pope attacker

VATICAN CITY (AFP) -

Ali Agea, the Turk who tried to kill the Pope in 1981, claums be is the reincarnation of Jesus Christ in a book which he has written in prison, his lawyer said, "I am absolutely certain that I am the new messiah," he writes in the largely autobiographical book, to be called "I, Jesus Christ," lawyer Marina Magistrelli quoted from an extract. Mr. Agea was jailed for life after shooting the Pope in Saint Peter's Square on May

Controversy plagues Palestinian council

TUNIS (AP) — As the time to implement the limited self-rule agreement with Israel approaches, Palestine Libera-tion Organisation (PLO) officials are still bickering over how to turn an economic council empowered to oversee reconstruction in the occupied

PLO Chairman Yasser Ara-fat insists he should head the Palestinian Economic Council for Development and Reconstruction, but opponents fear his leadership would politicise the council.

The concerns are shared by aid donors who want efficient, well-defined procedures to ensure proper use of the nearly \$2 billion pledged in aid over the next five years.

The issue will be debated

Monday at a full meeting of the PLO Executive Committee. The council was established this month to supervise inter-

national aid sent for the re-

building of the Gaza Strip and

West Bank town of Jericho after the Israeli withdrawal. Yousef Sayegh, a Palestinian economist who leads the opposition to Mr. Arafat's leadership of the council, argues people more professional than the politicians, Mr. Arafat has appointed to the council's board of directors are needed to manage the reconstruction of the occupied terri-

Dr. Sayegh, who heads the Palestinian team to the multinational talks aimed at getting aid flowing to the occupied territories, has threatened to resign from the council if his demands are not met.

14-man board are believed to share his views and might not be willing to serve on the coun-cil. The two London-based economists, Antwan Zahlan and Taher Kanan, did not attend the board's first meeting this week.

signed the self-rule accord with Israeli Foreign Minister Shi-

accountable to the PLO leadership.

Two other members of the

PLO sources said Mr. Arafat's leadership of the council also is opposed hy several PLO leaders, including Mahmoud Abbas, the PLO Executive Committee member who

mon Peres. The sources said those PLO officials argue that while Mr. Arafat is chairman of the Executive Committee he cannot hold the post that should be

Mr. Arafat is reported to have insisted that he will not yield to pressure to step down from the presidency of the

King's Speech from Throne is Cabinet policy

(Continued from page 1)

Meanwhile, in its session Saturday, the House elected six committees to look into contestations of the results of the Nov. 8 elections. The House has received 12 contestations from parliamentary candidates in the districts of Irbid, Karak, Balga, and Amman's Forth, Fifth and Sixth

(Madaba) districts. A lengthy dehate on whether the deputies from the districts where the results are contested should be allowed to participate in the committee was resolved after Speaker Masri and representatives of the five parliamentary blocs agreed in a meeting that they be excluded.

Lawmakers also elected the House's permanent Finance, Judiciary, Administration and Foreign Affairs Committees. President of the Finance

Committee at the 11th Parliament Abdullah Akaileh and former Minister of Planning and Trade and Industry Abdullah Ensour refused to join the Finance Committee, which would study the 1994 draft budget law before it is presented to the House.

Dr. Akaileh, a member of the (IAF) bloc, and Dr. Ensour, who was also a member of the Finance Committee in the previous parliament, in-sisted that their names be

the response, which is exinto session Saturday. Both Dr. Akaileh and Dr. Ensour pected to be presented to the were nominated by fellow de-King at the Royal Palace Monday. JD 1.487b budget unveiled

objectives of the government A. To control the general spending and improve revenues to decrease the deficit as a percentage of the gross

private sector. C. Continuation of im-

plementating policies of selfreliance through seeking to increase revenues to cover the general and capital expenditures; continuation of implementing the tax collection programme through developing ways and means to improving collection methods and simplifying procedures and expanding the base of taxing and implementing the tax law on sales in the beginning of next

F. To work on national production and encouraging exports and increased investments

G. To deal with the negative effects of the Gulf crisis, particularly poverty and unemployment.

ing the stability of prices and the continuation of building reserves in a manner that ensures the stability of the dinar.



